The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—Secretary Robeson left Washington yesterday for Massachusetts.

—The Biglin-Ten Eyck boat race at Nyack, N. Y., has been postponed until eight o'clock this morning.

—The Democratic Convention at Binghampton, N. Y., nominated Edward S. Estey, Liberal, for Congress.

—Counterfeit five dollar notes of the Trader's National Bank of Chicago and the Merchants Bank of Chicago, of the issue of May 10, 1865, are in circulation in New Orleans.

—A movement is on foot in Chicago to prevent, if possible, the confirmation by the Episcopal Convention now in session in New York of the recent election of Dr. Geo. A. Seymour as Bishop of Illinois.

—The Billings murder trial in Mobile, Ala., was ended yesterday. The evidence is very conflicting. The Commissioner rendered a decision, committing Renfroe and Bullock to jail without bail, and discharging Hilliman.

—A dispatch from Paris, Texas, says: The stage coach coming from Brookston was stopped by three masked men, last Wednesday night, four miles west, and the passengers robbed. The robbers received $328 in money, two valuable gold watches and two silver watches.

—The contention which had arisen as to who was nominated Mayor of New Orleans by the late Conservative Convention has been settled by the withdrawal of Mayor Wiltz from all claims to the nomination in favor of Mr. C. J. Leeds, and pledges him a hearty support in the canvass.

—The New Orleans *Bulletin* says rumors are current to the effect that Attorney General Williams has issued peremptory instructions to the United States District Attorney and United States Marshal in New Orleans to commence criminal prosecutions against the members of the White League throughout Louisiana.

—At the annual meeting of stock and bondholders of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company, held in Cincinnati on Thursday, Sir Alexander T. Yate, of Montreal, and Jno. D. Prince, of New York, were elected directors in place of W. N. Aspinwall and Larz Anderson, who declined a re-election. W. T. Wardlutock was elected director, and Daniel Torrence was re-elected President.

WEATHER REPORT.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., October 8, 1874.

Local Observations.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Humidt.	Wind.	Weather.
7 A. M.	30.05	50	93	N.	Foggy
2 P. M.	29.89	60	82	N.	Cloudy
9 P. M.	29.91	55	87	N. W.	Clear

Mean Barometer, 29.94
Mean Thermometer 55.
Highest Thermometer, 62.
Lowest Thermometer, 49.

GEO. H. ROHE,
Observer, Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

Daily Bulletin.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATORY,
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 8, 1874, 10:48 P. M.

The weather at Cairo was fair, thermometer 53; Cincinnati, clear, thermometer 54; Davenport, Iowa, cloudy, thermometer 56; Fort Gibson, I. T., fair, thermometer 53; Fort Sully, D. T., clear, thermometer 54; Indianapolis, Ind., clear, thermometer 50; Keokuk, Iowa, cloudy, thermometer 61; La Crosse, Wis., light rain, thermometer 54; Leavenworth, Kas., clear, thermometer 54; Louisville, Ky., clear, thermometer 58; Memphis, Tenn., clear, thermometer 56; Nashville, Tenn., clear, thermometer 57; Omaha, Neb., clear, thermometer 56; Pittsburgh, Pa., clear, thermometer 56; Shreveport, La., clear, thermometer 67; St. Louis, Mo., fair, thermometer 55; St. Paul, cloudy, thermometer 53; Vicksburg, Miss., clear, thermometer 69; Yankton, D. T., clear, thermometer 45; North Platte, fair, thermometer 57.

GEO. H. ROHE, Observer.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 1 A. M., Oct. 9, 1874.

Probabilities for To-Day.

For the Middle States, slightly higher barometer, slight northwesterly winds, slightly cooler, clearing and clear weather.

Virginia Republican Candidates for Congress.

RICHMOND, VA., October 8.—The Republican State Executive Committee has endorsed and recognized the following gentlemen as Republican candidates for Congress: Second district, James H. Platt; Third: Rush Burgess; Fourth, W. H. H. Stowell; Fifth, C. B. Thomas; Sixth, George W. Henderlite. From this it will be seen that the nomination in the Third District of Jambler Smith by one of the Conventions held yesterday is ignored. Candidates in two other districts remain to be nominated.

Nashville Races—Fourth Day.

NASHVILLE, October 8.—The first race, 2 mile heats, Association purse $500, was a walk over for Arizona.

Second race, mile heats, Association purse $250; won by Fairplay. Time 1:47¾ and 1:48.

Third race, handicap race, free for all, mile heats, purse $200; won by The Nurse. Time 1:46½ and 1:47½.

AMONG OUR MILLS.

Items of Interest to Iron Workers.
(From the American Manufacturer.)

GRAFF, BENNETT & CO. are erecting a 77x103 feet wing to their Millvale rolling mill.

ALL the South Side mills are as busy as ever, except that of McKnight, Duncan & Co. The statement to the contrary is incorrect.

THE Beaver Falls Cutlery Company recently made a donation of four gross of knives and forks to the Home for the Friendless in Erie.

THE Penn Glass works, put in operation some three months ago, are doing a good business, turning out about 900 dozen lamp chimneys daily.

THERE are large numbers of articles of utility made in this country that were never seen or heard of in European and other foreign States, which if introduced, would find ready sale.

SOHO FURNACE has been blown out and is being relined with Mt. Savage fire-brick. Isabella No. 2 is also being relined, and with the same make of fire-brick. Six of Pittsburgh's 11 furnaces are now out.

EMERSON, FORD & CO., of Beaver Falls, carried off the prize in the saw contest, at the Cincinnati Exposition, on the 29th ult. There were ten other competitors. The prize was $100 in gold, and the saw that won it was a solid tooth one, and the plate was manufactured by Singer, Nimick & Co., of this city.

THERE are 21 window glass factories in Pittsburgh, as follows: Cunninghams & Thausen, 1; Wolfe, Howard & Co., 2; C. Thausen & Sons, 1; Wm. McKelvy & Co., 2; Robt. C. Schmertz & Co., 2; Phillips & Co., 2; S. McKee & Co., 1; A. & D. H. Chambers, 2; Stewart, Estep & Co., 2; Thos. Wightman & Co., 3; Duff & Campbell, 1; Knox, Kim & Co., 2. All these are in operation except four.

WE LAST WEEK republished from the *Bulletin* of the Iron and Steel Association a table giving the wages at blast furnaces, which showed that higher wages were paid here than at any other point in the country. Since then wages have been cut down at the Lucy furnace, commencing the 1st inst. as follows: Keepers, $2.50; helpers, $2.00; barrowmen, $1.15; metal-carriers, $2.00; cindermen, $1.50; laborers, $1.50; engineers, $2.50; firemen, $2.00; top-chargers $1.80.

THE list of rolling mills in the United States, including the Pacific coast, recently issued by the Iron and Steel Association, and which gives the capacity of the respective mills, reveals the fact that during the years 1873 and 1874, inclusive, the capacity of rolling mills for iron was increased by the erection of absolutely new mills *over one million tons*. The Fulton Foundry, (Totten & Co.,) of this city, furnished the machinery for new mills during this period whose capacity is given at over 400,000 tons, or *over four-tenths of the entire increase*. This fact, which does not include the new machinery furnished by them during these years in the way of additions to mills erected before 1873, is believed to be unequaled in the same space of time.

A COMPANY styled the Harvest Queen Reaper and Binder Company has been organized in this city for the purpose of manufacturing the Champion Combined Reaper and Self-Binder, an implement that perhaps has no superior, if indeed a peer, in its line. The capital of the company is $300,000, divided into 3,000 shares of $100 each, operations to be commenced when $100,000 has been subscribed, and no subscriptions will be binding until that amount has been subscribed. The incorporators are J. H. White, attorney; C. J. Hilland, M. E.; J. H. Heimbucher, of Kloman, Park & Co.; John J. Wilson, of Wilson, Leggate & Co.; I. N. Miller, president Atlas works; Charles Seibert, cashier German-American Bank; H. D. Sells, secretary. Householders Insurance Company; William B. Sterrit, master founder. There is no better place than Pittsburgh for the location of such a manufactory, and this fact in connection with the character of the incorporators is a fair guarantee of the success of the enterprise.

SECOND EDITION

FOREIGN.

Count von Arnim Still in Prison.

The Downfall of President Thiers Attributed to Him.

War Declared Between China and Japan.

The Revolution in South America.

GERMANY.
Count von Arnim.

LONDON, October 8.—A special from Berlin says: The Von Arnim affair has taken a very serious turn. The Emperor has ordered that no stone be left unturned in the efforts to recover the missing documents.

BERLIN, October 8.—Count von Arnim had an interview with his son and a Government official yesterday. In the course of the conversation the Count protested against the insinuation that he had published or intended to publish any of the documents retained by him. He asserted that there were no state secrets contained in the papers. He also said that he noticed in the spring that there was a deficiency in the documents belonging to the archives of the Paris embassy.

LONDON, October 8.—A special to the *Standard* from Berlin states that in consequence of domiciliary visits to the residences of the friends of Count von Arnim throughout the Empire, they can not communicate with him. It is reported, says the dispatch, that these events are connected with a forthcoming book, the early sheets of which are already in circulation in ultramontane circles in Munich and Vienna. It is now said that the missing documents number one hundred.

The Missing Documents.

PARIS, October 8.—The *Journal De Paris* says that Count von Arnim, when Ambassador at Paris, hastened the downfall of President Thiers, and urged Germany to recognize the Government of MacMahon immediately. Prince Bismarck disapproved of this course of Von Arnim, and wrote to the latter, explaining the reason why he preferred the policy of Thiers to that of MacMahon. The *Journal* says these are the letters of Bismarck which were missing.

An Italian View of the Case.

ROME, October 8.—The *Voce Delle Verita* says, in relation to Count von Arnim's arrest, that there is reason to believe that the missing documents relate to the establishment of a new Government in France, and to German interference in Spanish affairs.

The Schleswig Question.

BERLIN, October 8.—The truth of the report that the Danish Minister had delivered a note to the German Government is denied. He simply presented complaints made by parties who had been expelled from Schleswig.

The War Budget.

The Spener *Gazette* says that the budget of the Minister of War for 1875 will call for 110,000,000 thalers.

SOUTH AMERICA.
The Revolution in the Argentine Confederation.

RIO JANEIRO, October 8.—Advices from Buenos Ayres report that Senor Anelaneda intends publishing a manifesto relinquishing the Presidency, and that Senor Quintani will probably be appointed Provisional President pending a new election.

The Government Troops Fortifying.

The Government troops are fortifying all strategetical points. The insurgents are assembled under Cannelas and Gen. Mitre at Colonia, in Uruguay, opposite Buenos Ayres. It is asserted that Gen. Mitre will take chief command.

The insurgents have captured the island of San Martin Garcia. Ten million dollars have been withdrawn from the Argentine Bank.

SPAIN.
France Not Watching Its Frontier.

MADRID, October 8.—The Spanish Government has renewed its complaints to France in relation to the lack of vigilance by French officials on the frontier.

Why Gen. Dorregaray Quitted Don Carlos' Service.

MADRID, October 8.—The *Iberia* newspaper says Gen. Dorregaray retired from his command in the service of Don Carlos because the latter refused to act upon Dorregaray's advice to dismiss some of his present friends and recall Gen. Cabrera.

Government Soldiers Disbanded.

The Spanish Government disbanded 10,000 soldiers whose terms of service expired.

CHINA.
War Declared with Japan.

LONDON, October 8.—The *Globe*, in its issue this afternoon, says: "A telegram from Shanghai states that war has been declared between China and Japan. We are not able to confirm the report.

The Loss by the Late Typhoon.

HONG KONG, October 8.—The loss occasioned by the late typhoon here is estimated at £1,000,000. The shore for miles around is strewn with the wrecks of vessels that were destroyed by the typhoon.

RUSSIA.
The Schleswig-Holstein Question.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 8.—The *Journal De St. Petersburg*, semi-official, fully approves of the German view of the Schleswig-Holstein question.

FRANCE.
Municipal Elections.

PARIS, October 8.—The municipal elections will be held throughout France previous to the meeting of the Assembly, but the date is as yet unfixed.

ITALY.
How Brigands Live.

Monsr. Tesdale has been released by the brigands who had captured him upon the payment of a ransom of $10,000.

WEST INDIES.
Reinforcements for Cuba.

HAVANA, October 8.—387 soldiers arrived here yesterday from Spain.

The Crops in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., October 8.—Gentlemen in agriculture who have been traveling in Central, Western, Southwestern and Northern Ohio make a much more favorable report on the crops than have been sent out by the Agricultural Department. The drought still continues to some extent. The wheat and rye are already well up, and they are looking well. In Union, Marion and Delaware counties and eastward toward the river there is very little corn, but in the other sections mentioned, the prospect is one of abundance. The average is greater than last year, and though the per centage of bushels is less to the acre, the corn is very solid, and will weigh well. The dry weather has matured the crop, and the fodder has been entirely secured. The improved corn returns and the high prices of hogs are resulting in increased feeding, thus promising a greater number of pounds of pork than had been calculated on.

A Grave Robbed—39 Medical Students Arrested.

BUFFALO, N. Y., October 8.—The grave of Mrs. Richard J. Carey, at Holy Cross Cemetery, was robbed on Tuesday night. The casket, outside coffin and shroud were left lying on the ground. Officers to-day visited the medical college with a search warrant, and found the body, with four others. The students were surprised while at work dissecting them. Thirty-nine students were arrested and taken in a procession to the Police Court. Justice Nash released them on parole, to appear when wanted. There is much excitement over the affair.

Fire Engineers' Convention.

ST. LOUIS, October 8.—In the Fire Engineers' Convention to-day resolutions were adopted approving the ordinance adopted in St. Louis requiring all builders to construct chimneys of earthenware or other fire-proof material for lining. A resolution was adopted requesting fire insurance companies not to take risks amounting to more than two-thirds of the value of the property insured as a means toward preventing fires and loss of life.

Phelps, the New York State Treasury Embezzler, Convicted.

ALBANY, October 8.—The trial of Phelps, treasury official, indicted for embezzlement, was concluded to-day, and the jury, after fifteen minutes' deliberation, rendered a verdict of guilty. Phelps was remanded to jail, sentence being postponed.

NEW YORK.

A Counterfeiter and His Implements Captured.

Destructive Fire—One Man Killed.

NEW YORK, October 8, 1874.

Arrest of a Counterfeiter.

Pinkerton's detectives last night arrested in Brooklyn John W. Canter, an Englishman, about fifty-five years of age, on a requisition from Gov. Hartranft. He is accused of being one of a gang of counterfeiters operating in Philadelphia in altering bonds from one to ten thousand dollars in order to start a bogus insurance company. When the alteration was completed the bonds were taken to Harrisburg, deposited with the Controller for examination, and application made for a charter. Upon overhauling the securities the State Examiner discovered the fraud. It is said that Canter has been engaged in many swindling schemes, has often been arrested, and has served a term in the State Prison for forgery. Under the bed in his room were found several forged bonds, a small printing press, bond paper, dies, ink, plates and other counterfeiters' implements, which are now at the central office. Several of the dies contained the names of officials of prominent railroad companies. The names of companies whose bonds have been forged could not be ascertained, but it is certain that the Union Pacific, Central Pacific and Reading & Philadelphia Railroad Companies, and the Western Union Telegraph Company are among them.

Destructive Fire—One Man Killed.

This afternoon a fire broke out in the three-story brick building including Nos. 516 to 530 West Twenty-fifth Street, occupied by the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Company, and spread with such rapidity that a large number of men and boys employed in the building were unable to escape by the stairways, and had to jump for their lives from the second story windows. Among them was John Brennan, whose clothes took fire, and he was terribly burned that his life is despaired of. The walls of the manufactory, which were of poor construction, fell soon after the fire commenced, crushing in the roof of a two-story brick tenement in the rear of the factory. Patrick Galligan, who occupied the upper floor, was crushed to death. The loss of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Company is estimated at $150,000, insured for $100,000.

A Libel Suit

has been instituted in the Court of Common Pleas by Cyrus Williams against the New York *Nation* to recover damages for an article which appeared in that paper charging him with "salting" the little Bonna Mine, by which parties were deceived into purchasing stock. The case came up before Judge Robinson to-day on a motion to dismiss the complaint on the ground that it nowhere avers that "salting" is anything more than a legitimate mining transaction, or that the plaintiff's character could be injured by such a charge. The decision was reserved.

Protestant Episcopal Convention.

The General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church resumed its session this morning.

A memorial was received from the Diocese of Wisconsin, asking that the Convention take steps to secure an English version of the Nicene creed which would correspond as nearly as possible to the original text.

The consideration of rules to govern the Convention during its session were taken up, and discussed until the hour of adjournment.

LOUISIANA.

Address by Colored Men.

Their Political Action Foreshadowed.

NEW ORLEANS, October 8.—A committee of representative colored men have issued an address to the people of Louisiana foreshadowing their political action. They say they are the same well-disposed people as ever, cherishing no animosities, but a desire of peace and good will toward all men, and exerting their efforts and influence to a union of the two races, in which the interest of the whites would be respected and the rights of the blacks preserved; state that the nature and genius of our institutions have committed the political complexion of this State to our influence and votes, determined, and frauds are not practiced. They are Republicans in politics, both from instinct and conviction. They remark: "While we have so much to encourage us in the attitude of the national administration, and are sustaining the State Government, we cannot be insensible to the fact that the Republican party in the State, since the reconstructing has been mainly under the lead controlled by men as much bleached in complexion and politics as the most rampant White Leaguer in Louisiana. The power of patronage of the State Government, and some of the Federal offices in the gift, are being dispensed so as to exclude our wealth and intelligence from political prominence. So humiliating has become our experience under the administrations which have been in augurated by our suffrages that we occasionally doubt the Republicanism of some of our leaders. Official influences have been unkindly exerted to defeat and suppress representative colored men, while in some instances illiterate and unworthy persons of color have been maneuvered into official positions as the best specimen of our people. No State can boast more wealthy and intelligent of the colored men than Louisiana, and yet it is hardly possible to conceive of less official respect and consideration to character and ability than it is our misfortune to receive from the party to which we constitute the body of Republicans, but our integrity and capacity are ignored in the councils of that party, while our manhood and citizenship are not unfrequently humiliated in our intercourse with those whom we have exalted to power. There is a species of mystery so far as we are concerned about the plans of the campaign and the policy of the State administration in the appointments to every colored man in this Commonwealth, not even the Lieutenant Governor, the Secretary of State, the Superintendent of Public Education, and the State Treasurer, all participating and knowledge of the confidential workings of the party and Government." They acknowledge gratitude to President Grant for the recognition and support of the Kellogg Government, and declare that revolution cannot be tolerated.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Conservative State Convention.

COLUMBUS, S. C., October 8.—The Conservative State Convention met to-day, every county in the State except three being represented. The following resolutions were passed unanimously:

Resolved, That, in the opinion of this Convention, the Conservative citizens will best promote the interests and welfare of the State by giving their support to the candidate for Governor and Lieutenant Governor of the Independent Republican party.

Resolved, That we adopt as the platform of the Conservative party of South Carolina, honesty and economy in the administration of the State Government.

The delegates present assert that the Independent Republicans are gaining ground everywhere, and the general belief is that with the full and active cooperation of the Conservatives they will elect their candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, and elect General Kershaw to Congress.

Railway Collision—A Mistake in the Signal the Cause.

PHILADELPHIA, October 8.—A collision occurred this morning at the intersection of the Corning and North Pennsylvania railroads between a coal train on the former and a way train on the latter road. The engine of the coal train struck the passenger train between the baggage and first passenger cars, and two passenger cars were thrown into a ditch. Fortunately no lives were lost, although several persons had limbs broken and were otherwise injured. A mistake in the signals was the cause of the accident.

A Mormon Grand Juror Indicted.

SALT LAKE, October 8.—The Grand Jury to-day indicted one of their own number, Thomas E. Ricks, for polygamous cohabitation. He is charged with having five wives, three of whom are married to him since 1862. His own daughter was one of the principal witnesses.

STATE BREVITIES.

TYPHOID FEVER prevails in Cambria county.

THEY had a little snow and a little hail at Clearfield the other day.

A CHURCH in Lock Haven was recently robbed of its communion service.

BLAIR and Cameron counties propose to set up a team of riflemen, with a view of challenging the State.

SCRANTON boys banter each other to see who can run across the railroad track longest in the front of an approaching train.

THE cattle disease, which is proving so fatal in neighboring counties, is now said to be *pleura pneumonia*. In most cases the lungs are congested.

THE wife of Mr. Joseph Phillips, East Nantmeal, Chester county, is mother of 13 children; the last one, recently born, weighed at the time of its birth 17 pounds.

COL. SEARIGHT, in a letter from Denver, Colorado, says: "As the result of considerable amount of travel and observation, the counties of Fayette, Greene, Westmoreland and Allegheny have better claims to be considered the garden spot of the world than any other section of the country I have ever seen."

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····Allegheny is to have a fire alarm bell.

····"Double turn" at the American Iron Works.

····Altoonians to the number of about 1,000 came in on the special train yesterday to visit the Hippodrome.

····The Baptist Social Union held a very pleasant meeting in the Fourth Avenue Baptist church last evening.

····A rich treat will be afforded all who have the privilege of hearing Mrs. Bane's lecture in Allegheny to-night.

····The window glass blowers at McKee's glass works have resumed work at the old rates and dropped the "co-operative" system.

····An anti-Masonic breeze in the Mount Washington Presbyterian church caused two members who had recently been elected elders to "step down and out."

····A compromise has been made with the Allegheny Valley Railroad relative to the killing of Cavasy recently, and the suit for damages has been withdrawn.

····An alarm of fire about five o'clock yesterday evening, from box 156, was caused by the explosion of an oil can in the house No. 105 Twenty-sixth street, South Side.

·····James McAleese was committed to jail yesterday by Acting Mayor McMasters to answer at court a charge of stealing a watch, valued at $300, from Edward Perry.

····On Wednesday evening a part of Howard street, Allegheny, slid down the side of the hill. The water pipe on that street was broken and considerable damage done.

····The conferees of the Twenty-fourth District will take another tussle with the sandwiches and cigars at the Union Depot and worry over the selection of a Congressional candidate to-day.

····An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Donart Steely was fatally wounded on Tuesday by the discharge of a revolver in the hands of one of the children. The parents are greatly distressed over the affair.

····Complaints were made yesterday by W. E. Russell, boiler inspector, before Alderman McMasters, against William Simelkock and A. C. McClung, for using unsafe or damaged boilers in their establishments.

····Detectives Scott and Cupples yesterday succeeded in recovering and returning to the owner a gold watch and chain, valued at $200, which were stolen on the 23d ult., from the residence of Mrs. Robert Scott on First avenue.

····It is announced that a shooting match will take place somewhere on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad, on the 20th inst., between two parties of our best marksmen. The matter is in charge of Captains Fullwood and Guthrie.

····A man by the name of Hoover was arrested yesterday afternoon for striking one of Conrad Shanbrook's daughters on the head with a cane, injuring her quite severely. He had gone into the house for the purpose of begging.

····Last evening, shortly before five o'clock, an alarm of fire was sounded from box 43 in Allegheny. It was occasioned by a slight fire in Lay & Walts's brewery, on Chestnut street. The fire was extinguished before the department arrived.

····The exercises attending the anniversary of the Witherspoon Institute took place in the Court House, at Butler, on Tuesday last. The address of welcome was delivered by Col. John M. Thompson and the response by Senator Hipple Mitchell.

····The United States Official Postal Guide, published quarterly by the authority of the Postmaster General, is now out and can be had at the Postoffice or from the letter carriers. For particulars see advertisement of the work on first page.

····Detective Sam Long has received a dispatch from the Chief of Police of Cincinnati, stating that he has recovered the box of valuable surgical instruments which was stolen from Dr. Geo. Shoenberger's residence of Dr. Rhodes, on Penn street, in this city.

····A man by the name of August Patterson went before Deputy Mayor Irwin yesterday, and made a statement to the effect that he had been set upon on Tuesday night of all his money, valuables and clothing, by strangers belonging to the "light fingered gentry."

····A bricklayer, working on Sorg's building, on Carson street, South Side, fell from an elevator which was raised to the third story, to the first floor, a distance of forty-five feet—on Tuesday afternoon. He had no bones broken, but was severely injured internally.

····James Orr met with a narrow escape yesterday morning, his age and wrong, in which he was seated, falling over an embankment at the Pittsburgh end of the Union Bridge, into the Allegheny River. He was rescued by Hugh Gallagher or he would have been drowned.

····An old lady, eighty-two years of age, who gave her name as Lizzie Nass, was found in Allegheny, by a lady, to whom she explained that she was lost. She said that she resided with her son-in-law, Robert Kimmel, but she could not tell where he lived. She was handed over to officer Miller, who started out to find her home.

····The *People's Monthly* for October, has been laid upon our table. It has a number of fine illustrations, and the reading matter is both varied and interesting. The full-page illustration of "the Morning Walk," is a pretty conceit. A new story, "the Mystery of a Young Life," is commenced in this number, that promises to be very interesting.

····The body of John Farrell, who formerly lived at No. 113 First street, Third ward, Allegheny, was found at Laurel station, on the Pan Handle railroad, on the 23d

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED.
T. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING.
GEO. W. REED.

KING, REED & CO., Editors & Proprietors.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

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KING, REED & CO.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1874.

BONDS at Frankfort 97½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 25½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110.

Two newspaper pages of advertisements of sales for non-payment of taxes is not a very hopeful showing for the City of Washington. Those extensive tax sales look bad for any city.

A PRIVATE note informs us that Dimmick has not been nominated for President Judge in Wayne county, F. M. Crane being the Democratic nominee. He is, of course, a much better man than Dimmick.

THE first sweep of clerks from the Treasury Department, at Washington, on account of the relative order, seems to have been pretty thorough. A careful search of all the force discovers only fifty that need to be removed.

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph*, on Wednesday entered upon its nineteenth year, and indulged, on the occasion, a very pleasant retrospect of its history thus far. The *Telegraph* has improved very greatly of late, in every particular, and we value it as one of our most useful exchanges.

THE Ohio election will take place on Tuesday next, and, to some extent, will take the place of Pennsylvania, as being the preliminary battle ground of the canvass. There are, however, this year, many complex elements involved in Ohio politics. Chiefly, the temperance issue is up, and it is a disturbing force that will destroy the usual equilibrium of the parties; still, we think the Republicans are destined to succeed.

THE death of Rev. Dr. Eddy, one of the Corresponding Secretaries of the Missionary Society of the M. E. Church, is reported. He devoted himself with such zeal to the duties of his position, that typhoid fever ensued, and a fatal termination is reported. Dr. Eddy was a man of great spirit, intense ambition, and wonderful energy. His death will be a great loss to his church.

CHARLES O'CONOR, whose standing as a Democrat will not be questioned, has written a letter to Abraham L. Earle, Secretary of the International Free Trade Alliance, in which he distinctly urges absolute free trade, the abolition of Custom Houses, and the raising of revenue by direct taxation. The Government at the present raises, by means of the tariff, about $160,000,000 of revenue yearly. Were the tariff abolished, according to this Democratic idea, this revenue must be raised by direct taxation. All such taxation is usually and necessarily, a *per capita* one,—that is, a man worth nothing would be compelled to pay just as much as the man who is worth a half million of money. That the tariff is an indirect tax on the poor we deny, and will take occasion in another issue to show that it operates to the advantage of the poor.

A SINGULAR event recently transpired in New Orleans. A millionaire miser allowed his property to be sold, at an amazing, sacrifice for taxes. Francis Lacroix is one of the old French colored residents of New Orleans, and from a quarter to a half century ago, was the fashionable tailor of the city. He made money very rapidly, spent sparingly, and invested his surplus in real estate, which steadily rose in value. Many years ago he was a millionaire. One of his peculiarities was to resist the payment of taxes. Three years ago his tax list reached $30,000, and he gave his son the money to pay, but the faithless child appropriated the money, and was driven away with his father's curse. Since then he has been stupid,—stolid. His tax debt having reached $75,000, the authorities a short time since proceeded to sell him out. He attended the sales, and only once did he arouse from his stolidity. A favorite property was sold, and then by a quick motion, he dashed a tear from his eye, and was as calm as ever. It is thought he chooses to deliberately sacrifice his property to spite his son.

A LARGE and very enthusiastic Republican meeting was held on Wednesday evening at Huntingdon. Notwithstanding the rain, the Court House was filled with an attentive and earnest audience, that listened attentively to the addresses delivered. The old split among the Republicans in that locality is very nearly healed. Those generally who drifted off into the Guss faction have gone into the Democratic party, except such of them as were sincere Republicans but were misled; they have come back into the Republican ranks. There is more confidence and vigor among the Republicans there than has been manifested for many years. The *Globe*, which is edited by Guss, of the Cassville Orphans' School, has accepted all of the State Republican ticket, except Colonel Beath, who, it alleges, defamed the orphan girls. This defamation, we suppose, consisted in bringing on the investigation which led to the closing of the Cassville School. Col. Beath was present at the meeting above referred to, and explained his course clearly and satisfactorily. Hon. John Scott, who is a resident of Huntingdon, was present, and delivered a very clear and effective address on the currency, tax and tariff issues, showing the contrast in the attitude of the two leading parties of the country on these issues. Senator Scott is very popular among the citizens of Huntingdon, a fact which speaks well of his home reputation.

WE HAVE long entertained the belief that the root cause of the Southern troubles may be found in the education of the planter class at the South to believe that they were a superior race, empowered by some divine law to govern and dominate the blacks and the "low down" whites. Trained from infancy in this idea, they could not, of course, banish it when the war was over, and hence they have felt the presence among them of the negro as a freeman with the ballot in his hand was an insult and a degradation to them. And when by force of numbers, the negroes and Republican whites dominated the politics, and controlled the Government, the insult was all the more present. They have not learned that the new era required every man to earn his own bread, but still entertain the idea that they should control affairs, and hence the Kuklux and White Leagues. But we are glad to think that President Grant's firmness has induced some of them to pause and think. Says the New Orleans *Times*, "The foolish prejudice which has hitherto existed in the South against mechanical and common manual labor has proved a sad drawback on our general prosperity. It is high time that a new departure was taken in this matter. The old and peculiar institution, which did so much injury to the South by degrading labor, has been swept away, and with it should go all its demoralizing accessories. We cannot all fill high professional positions, nor can we all find profitable employment as politicians. Coming down to matters of fact, more of us must earn [illegible] by the sweat of our brows. Our section will be far better off when it learns to appreciate the value of the working mechanic, and when it esteems that the entry of the youth of the land upon this course of life is in the highest degree worthy and honorable." This generally conceded and acted on, and there is hope for the South.

THE THIRD TERM.

We really begin to hope that some one, properly authorized to speak, will inform the New York *Tribune* whether the President will, or will not, allow his name to stand for a third term. True, one of his Cabinet has declared he will not; the good sense of the President is a guarantee that he will not; and his preparations for his family all tend to show that he entertains no Third Term aspirations. He has been specially observant of the drift of public sentiment since his entrance upon public life, and has been careful to conform to it; he declared among his first Presidential utterances, that he would have no will as against the will of the people,—all this, and yet the New York journals cannot make themselves happy over the Third Term idea. The pith of the whole matter seems to be a rivalry between the *Herald* and *Tribune*, as to which shall be able to force an utterance from the President on the subject. The *Herald* started in with Cesarism, and after running the gamut of that dangerous topic, closed with piteous appeals to the President to say something, and relieve the terrible suspense of the people. In due time it learned that "Mr. Grant is a very stubborn man." The *Tribune*, of course, assumed a more statesmanlike *role*. The *Tribune* is nothing, if it is not profound, and learned. It gave extracts from history and utterances of Washington, Jefferson, and others, to show that they did not seek a Third Term,—an item of information which, to say the least, was neither novel nor new. Then followed a doleful account of the evils that would befal us, were the Third Term idea to be admitted, all of which were fine specimens of gloomy forebodings. At last it began to wonder why the President did not deny that he was a Third Termist; it could see many reasons to think he was one. Some one had talked about it in his presence, and the President said nothing! Others who had talked with the President favored it,—*ergo* the President favored it. And then he did not deny it,—could better proof be needed? Said the old lady, "I charged him with stealing my umbrella to his teeth. I did, and he didn't deny it, he didn't." But it turned out that no denial was made simply because the accused did not think his accuser worth the breath, and regarded her rantings as an impertinence.

The *Tribune* now is in full howl for the President to affirm or deny. It has reached precisely the position of the *Herald*. Yet the President holds to his quiet way and says nothing. It is time the hint were taken that he will speak when it pleases him, and will not speak merely to please *Tribune*, *Herald* or any other paper. But it is sheer nonsense to attempt to create the idea that Third Termism is to be a feature of the existing canvass. The truth is, the people are so well satisfied there will be no serious attempt to develop Third Termism that they care nothing about it. Ours is a practical people, and cannot be readily excited by mere moonshine. They will not have the Third Term, and we doubt if any one gets to be President without them. So we advise the *Tribune* to subside.

RESUMPTION.

The wearisome and useless question of enforced specie resumption has started up afresh, and Charles Nordhoff publishes a plan, the pith of which is that our greenback circulation shall be retired, one quarter of the entire issue yearly, and national bank notes substituted, thus keeping the same amount of currency in circulation all the while, but changing its character. The national bank notes thus issued are to have a specific date fixed at which they will be redeemed in gold. Then as many of these notes as may be called for to be issued, on the basis of a deposit of Government bonds—in other words, free banking. To the plan, in itself considered, there are no serious objections, and the tendency of Congressional legislation is toward free banking. The only criticism we have to make is, that we will probably reach the same result without the fuss and change proposed, and the entire tendency of affairs is in that direction.

During the past year, the balance of trade with Europe was in our favor, so that we were compelled to export less than $40,000,000 of gold. The outlook is that it will be more in our favor the present year. With this as a fact, we ought to have an accumulation of gold, at the rate of from $20,000,000 to $40,000,000 a year,—our mines yielding an average of about $60,000,000 a year. It ought to be a clear proposition that in order to resume, we must have the gold with which to resume. The question that is at the root of specie resumption, therefore, is, where will the gold come from? To say it will come from Europe when we want it, is to utter an absurdity, unless we can offer Europe an equivalent for the gold. If the balance of trade is against us,—that is, if we buy more than we sell, what will we offer to get the gold? Certainly England will not give it to us; nor will she loan it, except upon good security. We cannot get something for nothing. Suppose, then, we borrow, as was proposed by Senator Frelinghuysen? We must pay interest on the loan, in gold. In brief, until we can accumulate, under the natural operations of trade, the gold on which to resume, the attempt to do so by Congressional legislation will be a farce, just as Secretary Richardson's silver resumption was. And it really looks as though we would reach it in five years, but it must be done, chiefly, through the operation of the laws of trade.

That Congressional legislation must be superadded, we do not doubt; but the important thing is, to have this legislation at the right time, and of the right kind. When the condition of the country will admit of it, a law of Congress, that will fix a time when it shall be done, and giving sufficient notice to prevent disorder, will be just and proper. But there is no need of changing from greenbacks to National Bank notes. If the Government is a good endorser, its own notes are as safe as those it endorses. The security it holds for the endorsement of the National Bank notes are its own bonds—and if these are good, so are greenbacks. If the Government is not sound, nothing is. So a mere exchange of one kind of currency for another is a simple absurdity. As part of a process looking to resumption it is worthless. What we want is, first, to get the country in a condition in which it can keep its gold. So long as it is a mere sieve through which gold runs, as would water through a rag, we cannot resume. This, however, as we have said, is being rectified. Thanks to protection, we buy less from Europe than we sell to her. This, however, has not been continued long enough to accumulate gold, but we soon will gather up a supply, and then, resumption is feasible and easy.

POLITICAL NOTES.

THE Democracy of Lawrence county have nominated R. W. Clendenin for Congress and W. S. Black for Assembly.

THE Democratic Convention of Lebanon county nominated Wm. M. Breslin, of the Lebanon *Advertiser*, for Congress, and Jacob L. Rise, of Lebanon, and Dr. Gibson Bowers, of Myerstown, for Assembly.

THE workingmen of Lynn, Mass., have formed a club and will support Gen. Banks for Congress. The contest in the district is virtually narrowed down to Mr. Gooch, the present incumbent, and Gen. Banks.

ADVICES received at Washington from Virginia says that ex-Governor Henry A. Wise contemplates running as an Independent candidate for Congress in the Richmond, Va., district, in order, if possible, to defeat the Democratic candidates.

THIRTY-SIX ballots for Congress were taken at the Summit, Cambria county, on Tuesday, resulting in no choice. On the last ballot the vote stood: Blair, 6; Barker, 3; Koontz, 3. An adjournment was effected until nine o'clock Wednesday morning.

IN Kansas cards are circulated with Governor Osborne's photograph on one side and Cussey's on the other, with the inscription, "Look on this picture, and then on that." This is a happy idea, and will prove a potent campaign document for the Republicans.

FRANK O'MOREY, Congressman from the Fifth Louisiana District, states that intimidation, organized and thorough, prevails in the parish of Union to such an extent that not more than 300 of the colored voters will register. He states, further, that a similar state of things exists in Claybourn, Lincoln, Jackson, and Franklin parishes.

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS has been mentioned in connection with the next Democratic nomination for the Presidency. Mr. Adams is a gentleman, a scholar, and a statesman, but he perches so high that one has to go a long way to get at him. A has to go a long way to get at him. A New Hampshire dairyman, who had been complaining of the havoc the hot weather made with his butter was at once advised to hire Mr. Adams as a refrigerator.—*Washington Chronicle.*

JAMES L. EVANS, of Noblesville, the Republican candidate for Congress from the XIth Indiana District, from all accounts must be a man after the farmer's own heart. Here is what the Kokomo *Tribune* says of him: "Five hundred Democrats in Hamilton county will vote for him because he is a good fellow. He is a miller. He manufactures into flour about 500 bushels of wheat every day in the week, except Sunday. He ships this flour direct to manufacturing towns in New England, and sells it direct through a local agent, thus avoiding middlemen. He is so well off that there is no occasion for his stealing, and he wouldn't do it any how. He is well balanced. He has no hobbies. He don't use tobacco or whisky. He don't even drink a glass of beer. He works hard six days of each week. He has freckles on the backs of his hands, and horns on the other side. If the people want a workingman in office, Evans ought to be their choice."

PERSONAL.

JOHN REVOLVER is the name of one of the most peaceably disposed citizens of Natchez.

THE Pope seems to be laying his plans for a grand campaign in England and America.

MR. BARNUM will reopen his Roman Hippodrome, in New York city, on the 2d of November.

MR. HENRY W. RAYMOND, son of the founder of the New York *Times*, sailed for Europe last week.

"THOMAS PEASCOD" is on trial in England. Shakespeare, like Dickens, seems to have taken his odd names from real people.

LIEUTENANT and Mrs. Fitch, *nee* Sherman, have left New York for St. Louis. They will stop for a few days at Mansfield, Ohio.

GOVERNOR HARTRANT, in opening the Franklin Institute exhibition in Philadelphia, very happily spoke of it as the skirmish line of the great Centennial.

IT IS stated that General Leggett, Commissioner of Patents, whose resignation will take effect on the 1st of November, will establish himself as a patent lawyer, in Cleveland, Ohio.

THE Rev. E. E. Hall, of Boston, had the pleasure of presenting to his congregation on Sunday a valuable gift. It was a silver paten, one of the oldest pieces of the communion service of the Unitarian Church of Kalsovar, Transylvania, which was the giver.

BISHOP HARRIS, of the M. E. Church, who has spent the last two years in visiting the foreign missions of that Church, was in Turin Sept. 14. He expects to sail from Liverpool for home on Thursday next. Soon after his arrival he will go to his future residence in Chicago.

MISS IDA HONORE, who is to marry Colonel Fred Grant in Chicago shortly, has appointed as her bridesmaids Miss Hall, her cousin, Miss Lucia Houston, Miss Irene Rucker, and Miss Dunlevy. Colonel Grant's groomsmen are to be Ulysses S. Grant, Jr., Henry C. Honore, Lieutenant Larned, and General George A. Forsyth, of General Sheridan's staff.

THE funeral of the late Mark Smith will take place in New York on Sunday, at the "Little Church Around the Corner," Rev. Dr. Houghton, Rector. The following have been chosen pall-bearers: A. Oakey Hall, Lester Wallack, Whitelaw Reid, Max Strakosh, William Stuart, John Gilbert, Charles Fisher, Wm. Winter, H. D. Palmer, H. C. Jarrett, Douglas Taylor, and A. M. Palmer.

GOVERNOR HARTRANFT has appointed Dr. Philip Leidy, of Philadelphia, Port Physician in that city, *vice* Hoffman, deceased. Dr. Leidy was strongly recommended for this position at the time of the late Dr. Hoffman's appointment. The doctor served during the war as surgeon of the 106th Regiment P. V., and subsequently as surgeon of the 119th Regiment, until the close of the war.

THURSDAY evening Fred Vokes, of the Vokes family, received the entire three degrees of the Pythian Knighthood at Albany. The conferring of three degrees on a person at one time is an unprecedented event in the history of this rapidly increasing and influential order, and was done in view of Mr. Vokes' intention to establish lodges in England, for which purpose he will soon go to that country.

THE Emperor of Germany has conferred the Order of the Crown of Prussia, accompanied by a decoration, upon Col. M. Richards Muckle, of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, for meritorious services in the interest of Germany in connection with the transmission of funds for the relief of the widows and orphans caused by the Franco-German war and the restoration of the University Library at Strasburg, destroyed during the seige.

M. GUIZOT was the oldest of the French academicians. The present oldest member is M. Pattin, who is eighty-one; M. Mignet, seventy-eight, follows, and then come MM. Thiers and de Remusat, each of whom is seventy-seven. The youngest members are M. Alexandre Dumas, who is fifty; M. Ollivier, who is forty-nine; and MM. Caro and Mezieres, who are each forty-eight. Two chairs are now vacant—those of M. Guizot and M. Jules Janin.

MR. BEECHER writes to Mr. James Redpath, of Boston, that he cannot meet his lecture engagement this week at Salem and Melrose, Mass., and at Brattleboro and Brandon in Vermont. He says: "The suits at law fly back and forth with such number and alacrity that my counsel will not let me be out of town this week. Of course, such things are imperative and not to be gainsaid. I shall go on with the engagements for the week following in regular order. I cannot now tell when I can render the lapsed engagements, but will in due time."

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

PITTSBURGH coal is selling for eighteen cents per bushel at New Albany, Ind.

THE Thirteenth Infantry have been ordered to the Department of the South.

MILWAUKEE'S census shows a population of 94,405, an increase of 22,955 since 1870.

A HUMAN skull was lately found near Osage Mission, Kansas, imbedded in a solid rock.

HALF a million Government gold was awarded in New York on Thursday at 109.89.

FIVE THOUSAND small trout have been placed in the Twin Lakes, Little Cottonwood, Utah.

AN apple, said to be the largest ever ripened in the United States, has been picked in Nebraska. It weighs 29½ ounces.

THE hands in the machine shops, sewing machine factories, &c., in Toronto, Can., are being discharged in consequence of dull trade.

EIGHT hundred paper mills in the United States give employment to 20,000 people, and produce $70,000,000 worth of paper per annum.

BOSTON pays $3,500,000 per annum for the support of her poor, enough, so a local paper thinks, to board all the needy at a first-class hotel.

A WOMAN in West Chester, Penn., recently testified that during a professional career of nineteen years she has prepared for the tomb not fewer than three thousand bodies.

A NEW YORK firm sold 161,000 pounds of snuff last year, all of which was the kind used for dipping, besides 150,000 pounds of the regular mixtures for the old-fashioned snuff-takers.

FROM the stomach of Captain Otis Rogers of Marshfield, Mass., has been extracted an animal five inches long, which he thinks he swallowed while drinking from a pool in South Carolina during the war.

REV. HENRY ASBURY, of Lincoln county, N. C., was burned to death a few days ago. He was rubbing his body with kerosene oil, when, he being near the fire, the oil ignited and burned him in a frightful manner.

GEORGE SAYTER, a switchman employed at the Hocking Valley depot, in Columbus, Ohio, while at work last Wednesday night, caught his foot in a frog and fell in front of a locomotive, which passed over him, killing him instantly.

AT the tenth annual Convention of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, in New York, on Wednesday a resolution was adopted in opposition to the proposed reciprocity treaty with Canada, it being prejudicial to the wool industry of the country.

ON Wednesday night a mob of negroes, numbering about forty, took James Perkins and Wm. Ravenswood, colored, from the jail, at Holly Springs, Miss., and shot them dead, thereby avenging the death of Mack Hill. It was done so quietly that few knew of it until morning.

ONE of the hotels at Saratoga during the past season consumed 61,616 lbs. of beef, 22,070 lbs. of mutton, 12,796 lbs. of lamb, 30,729 lbs. of chicken, 11,801 lbs. of fowl, 16,095 lbs. of butter, 17,538 dozen of eggs, 39,640 quarts of milk, 6,287 quarts of cream, and 19,955 lbs. of fresh fish.

EX-MAYOR MEDILL, says in one of his letters to the Chicago *Tribune* from Germany, that the Germans never treat one another, but each man pays for what he drinks. It is a very excellent custom, for then a man is not tempted to drink more than he needs. It is a pity that when our German friends come over here they could not stick to their national habits in this respect.

MRS. GIACCOMMETTI is a London female with a mission, which is to resist the unlawful demands of exorbitant cabmen. She takes a ride in a cab, and then, if the driver charges her one penny more than the legal fare, she summonses him, and he is punished according to the statute. If Mrs. Prodgers could be induced to emigrate to America, she would find an abundant field for the exercise of her talents.

THE Controller of New York has made a statement of the debt of that city, which shows its aggregate on September 30th to have been $153,726,092, an increase of about twenty-two and one-half millions since the beginning of the year. There are at present in the sinking fund of New York securities valued at $26,829,732; so that the debt, less the sinking fund, on September 30th, was $126,896,360.

THE recent loss of life in the administration of chloroform at Boston is a fresh warning against its use for dental operations. There are surgical cases where its use is deemed necessary by experienced physicians, but in such trifling affairs as tooth-drawing the risk is out of all proportion to the advantage. A dentist who employs it should be held responsible for its use, and if the result is fatal, should be tried for manslaughter. There is no excuse for tampering with human life when comparatively harmless anæsthetics would serve every purpose, if, indeed, any is really needed.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

THE total valuation of real and personal property in the State of New York, made by the assessors for taxation purposes, aggregates for 1874 $2,169,307,873, as compared with $2,129,625,386 for last year. Of this year's valuation 1751 millions are real estate and 418 millions personal estate, whilst 1105 millions, or more than one-half the total, is the valuation of property in New York city. These valuations, however, are not one-half the real value, for the assessors give the full value of the real estate of New York State at the enormous figure of 4168 millions, of which 1985 millions are in New York city and 426 millions in King's county.

A Russian Croesus.

The Continental *Herald* gave an account the other day of the opening of a Russian chapel erected in the Canton of Tessin by a Baron whom the local papers call "a Russian Croesus." It seems that this gentlemen has become so entranced by the scenery at Lugano that he has resolved on building a magnificent chateau in the neighborhood. The building will cost 5,000,000 francs, the decorations 800,000 francs, and the furniture about as much more; but this will be but a bagatelle to the owner if, as the Tessinois journals say, he has an annual income of over 15,000,000 francs. They set down his *entourage* as 50 Russian servants, 16 Russian and Swedish singers, and 60 musicians, who cost him alone 150,000 francs a year. In order to gratify further his musical tastes a celebrated prima donna is engaged occasionally for his exclusive enjoyment, and by way of keeping his orchestra in practice the members of it are obliged to play at a certain hour each day throughout the year, although in the absence of M. le Baron there is not a single auditor. The Baron is said to live in "sumptuous palaces" at Paris, Vienna and Nice; to have made his money by speculations in Russian railways; to change every two years all his *personnel* and even his acquaintances, and to ignore competely his relatives.

RETURN OF A BORROWED BOOK.

And thy dear eyes have wandered o'er each page,
Following the hero's course from youth to age;
Smiling at his pleasures, weeping at his grief,
And gleaming glad surprise o'er every leaf.
O happy author! What is fame or gold,
When thou hast thus the power to hold
Lucasta's heart in an enchanted spell
For hours together? When thou knowest well
That other suitors may gaze with wistful eye,
And eagerly, but vainly still, may try
To call that heart, self-bound, whose thou'st a score,
Ah, what could human mind desire the more?
Then, book, I'll hide thee far from those dear eyes,
For when thou'rt near, let me be witty, wise,
Or sad, or gay, yet all my moods are one:
I'm but an asterisk, while thou't a sun.
Doomed still to be content with careless word
While these and thou hear, I scarcely may be heard.
Hence, then! To darkest closet that ne'er high
may see,
I'll bear thee; and remove one cause of jealousy!
—*J. A. Lockwood in N. Y. Eve. Post.*

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.
HON. JE. M. PAXSON, of Philadelphia.
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.
HON. A. G. OLMSTED, of Potter.
AUDITOR GENERAL.
GENERAL HARRISON ALLEN, of Warren.
SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.
COLONEL R. B. BEATH, of Schuylkill.

COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS.
Twenty-second District.
JAMES S. NEGLEY, Pittsburgh.
Twenty-third District.
THOMAS M. BAYNE, Allegheny.
STATE SENATE.
Forty-second District.
HUGH McNEIL, Allegheny.
Forty-fourth District.
JNO. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins township.
Forty-fifth District.
MILES S. HUMPHREYS, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY.
First District.
HENRY M. LONG.
W. H. GRAHAM.
HENRY GERWIG.
Second District.
CHARES JEREMY.
JAMES ONSLOW.
Fourth District.
D. B. MORRISON.
S. J. WAINWRIGHT.
S. P. McCORD.
JAMES LARIMER.
Fifth District.
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley.
H. K. Sample.
Sixth District.
A. B. YOUNG.
GEORGE ARCHIBALD.
JUDGE ORPHANS' COURT.
W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Wilkins.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
E. A. MONTOOTH, Pittsburgh.
ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
JOHN A. McQUAIDE, Elsa.
COMMISSIONER.
G. W. WEIDDELL, McKeesport.
DIRECTOR OF POOR.
HENRY E. CHALFANT.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 64 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
Assets January 1, 1873, - - - $778,251.56
OPEN DAILY from 9 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Cashier and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hutchinson & Co.
Iron Working Machinery
And Machinists' Supplies of Every Description.
Removed from 28 Wood street, to
112 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
OPPOSITE HARE'S HOTEL.
Entrance also Nos. 3 and 5 Union street.

FURNACES, RANGES
Mantles,
GRATES, &c.
JAMES OLD,
193 Liberty Street.

Pittsburgh, Oakland and East Liberty Passenger Ry. Co.
Fifth avenue having been completed, the cars of this line are now running to
OAKLAND EVERY SEVEN MINUTES,
AND TO
East Liberty Every 15 Minutes,
WITHOUT CHANGE.
The road has been entirely rebuilt with double track, and is in the best condition. The
Cars are New and First Class,
And the Company is now able to offer to the public accommodations
UNEQUALLED IN THIS CITY.
This Route to East Liberty presents the advantages of FREQUENT, QUICK AND REGULAR TIME through the most beautiful avenue in the vicinity of Pittsburgh.
se12:g54-MFW W. B. BARTON, President.

H. WARD,
Baker and Confectioner,
No. 269 FRANKLIN ST., ALLEGHENY.
Ask your Grocer for
WARD'S BREAD.
NITRATE SODA.—100 BAGS BEST Refined. For sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
116 Water street.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

READERS OF THIS PAPER
Will Notice that
Throughout
Every Wednesday & Saturday.

Dress Goods,
FOR THE COOL WEATHER.
BARGAINS:
At 12½c. Tycoon Repps, same quality as sold usually at 30c.
At 12½c. Several bargains in new Fall Dress Goods.
At 25c. Extra value in Alpacas.
At 37½c. Fine Mohair Black Alpacas.
At 50c. Best Black Mohair Alpacas, in this or any other market at the price.
At 50c. Fine All Wool Black Cashmeres.
At 50c. All Wool French Merino.
At 62½c. Finer All Wool French Merino.
MOST DECIDED BARGAINS IN
Best Black Mohair Alpacas.
Best Black Cashmeres.
Fine French Merinos, all colors.
Finest Colored Cashmeres.
Best Black Silks, much under value.
Plain Colored Silks, all new shades.
Silk Mixed Dress Goods, great variety.
Mourning Dress Goods, all kinds.
Children's Dress Goods, large stock.
Sateens, Serges, Poplins, &c.
Bright Plaids, great variety.
Camel's Hair Cloth, Twills, &c.

LADIES' MADE-UP SUITS.
Owing to the rapid sale of Suits of our own manufacturing, we have largely increased our facilities and hope to be able to meet all demands. Our
LADIES' SUITS,
Are made in the best manner, of all desirable materials and styles.

LADIES' OUTSIDE GARMENTS.
English Walking Jackets, Cloth and Cashmere Jackets and Sacques, New Fall and Winter Shawls, Mourning Shawls, all kinds.
Extra Good Bargains in Goods for Men and Boys' wear.
Fine Cloths and Cashmeres.
Cassimeres, Tweeds and Jeans.
All Colors of Waterproof Cloths at low prices.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 AND 199
PENN AVENUE.
FALL FASHIONS
Every department full of seasonable and choice Goods at
Greatly Reduced Prices
From those of any former time.
SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK.
LADIES' AND MISSES' CLOAKS
Fresh lots opened every day.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S
MERINO VESTS AND DRAWERS.
LADIES' WHITE AND SCARLET ALL WOOL VESTS AND DRAWERS.
Men's and Boy's Merino Heavy All Wool and Flannel Shirts and Drawers.
New Hamburg Embroideries.
New Canvas Embroidered Goods
NEW HATS,
Flowers, Feathers, Birds, Ostrich Plumes, &c.
TRIMMING VELVETS,
WINDSOR TIES,
And New Styles Neck Scarfs, Sash and Trimming Ribbons.
Strangers visiting the city are invited to call and look through our stock, which is at all times complete and prices the very lowest. Orders by mail will receive prompt and careful attention.

RETAIL STORES.
WHITE, ORR & CO.
New Goods.
Heavy Twilled Serge,
Heavy Camel's Hair,
Cashmere Plaids,
Embroidered Polonaises,
Cloth Jackets,
Silk, Cashmere and Serge Suits.
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Avenue.

H. J. LYNCH.
No 96 Market Street.
Just received, everything new and desirable in DRESS GOODS,
BLACK SILKS, and
CASHMERES
very cheap. Shawls and Country Blankets at lowest cash prices.
oct4

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
FALL STOCK.
First Arrival, Choicest Styles.
BODY BRUSSELS.
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS.
2 AND 3 PLY INGRAIN, &c.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
New No. 29 Fifth Avenue.

NEW DISCOVERY
Edward's
NATURAL POLISH!
The Best Article in the World for all Purposes.
It will clean and polish anything and everything, from the finest Gold Jewelry to the worst furnished Locomotive, Fire Engine or Kitchen Utensil.
For Sale by all Druggists and Grocers.
AGENTS WANTED to travel and introduce it through the country. Call and get a Circular.
No. 27 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
Sure Preventive to the Freezing of Water Pipes and Accidents of Similar Nature to Water Closets.
We beg leave to offer to the public our
Patent Automatic Water Closet,
which is Anti-freezing and Inodorous. It is the most durable Closet in the market, for the following reasons: It will not freeze. It is strictly self-acting. It does not cause any re-acting and bursting of pipes. It is free from all obnoxious odors, and therefore will improve the sanitary condition of our cities. It has no valves to get out of repair and leak.
With our valuable improvement obnoxious cesspools in yards are dispensed with, as direct communication is made with the sewer pipe.
The public are invited to call at our salesroom, and examine this valuable improvement in operation, where its great advantages can be seen at a glance, or send for circular containing full particulars.
JAMES ANDERSON & CO.,
No. 53 East Diamond Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters.
MERCHANT TAILOR.
B. TIEGEL,
No. 53 Smithfield Street.
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Fall and Winter Wear.
LOWEST PRICES.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

READERS OF THIS PAPER
at this Advertisement is new
Every Wednesday & Saturday.

SPECIAL GOOD BARGAINS IN
FLANNELS AND BLANKETS.
AN IMMENSE STOCK.
Shirting Flannels, of every kind.
Bed Blanket Country Flannels.
Fine Barred Saxony Wool Flannels.
Plain Colored Flannels, all qualities.
Fine White Flannels.
Silk Embroidered White Flannels.
Fine White Blankets, all sizes.
Best White Country Blankets.
Colored Blankets, all kinds.
Fancy Carriage Blankets.

UNUSUAL BARGAINS IN
Calicos, Muslins, &c.
At 8½c. Yard Wide Bleached Muslin.
At 10c. Yard Wide good Bleached Muslin.
At 12½c. Fine Yard Wide Bleached Muslin.
At 4c and 5c. Fast Colored Calicos.
At 6½c. Some of Best Calicos.
At 8c. New Styles Best Calicos.
At 12½c. Yard Wide Dark Chintzes.
At 9c. Heavy Yard Wide Unbleached Muslin.
At 12½c. Pillow Case Muslin, 42-inch wide.
At 10c. Heavy Wide Linen Toweling.
Extra Bargains in Linen Towels.
Table Linens at very low prices.
Sheeting and Pillow Case Muslins.
Feather and Straw Ticking.
Cotton Shirtings, all kinds.

BUYING ALL OUR
COTTON AND WOOLEN GOODS
Direct from the Mills in
LARGE QUANTITIES,
Our Prices will always be found as low as any house in the United States.
New Goods Now Opening Daily
WILLIAM SEMPLE,
FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

CARLISLE'S
ONE PRICE CASH STORE!
Sales increasing daily by
"OUR NEW SYSTEM,"
Which saves the buyer 10 to 33 per cent.
Ladies' 2 Button Kid Gloves.....$ 98
French Corsets, white or colored.....66
French Corsets, Embroidered.....1 33
Mad. Foy's Corset and Skirt Supporter.....1 22
Stocking Supporters, 42, 22, 10 cts per pair
Ladies' Merino Shirts and Drawers.....87
Men's Merino Shirts and Drawers.....48
Ladies' Undershirts, all sizes.....1 47
Carlisle's Perfect Fitting Shirts.....1 80
Fancy Percale Shirts.....1 33
SPECIALTIES.
Self-adjusting Abdominal Corsets and the Reform Corset. No bones. Should be worn by every lady who values health. I will leave it to your physician.
Our Medicated Underwear and Hosiery saves life. Try it. 2 oz. for 1c by mail, gives our out of town friends the advantages of our low prices. Send your orders.
Every Express brings us new styles in Ribbons, Trimmings, Beads, Skirts, Embroideries, Ties, Notions, etc., etc.
Agent for Demorest's Patterns.
J. D. Carlisle,
NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

PROPOSALS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, MUNICIPAL HALL, PITTSBURGH, October 5, 1874.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—SEALED Proposals will be received at this office until THURSDAY, the 15th day of October, 1874, at 2 p. m., for the following work:

GRADING, PAVING AND CURBING.

Craft avenue, from F

FINANCIAL.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND
AND
SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Smithfield Street.
Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - $250,000.
Interest allowed on deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.
JOSEPH M. GAZZAM, President.
SAMUEL A. LONG, Vice President and Business Manager.
DIRECTORS.
J. M. Gazzam, Andrew J. Lee,
J. P. Smith, George M. Reed,
Samuel A Long, Frank Kohne.
John G. MacConnell, Solicitor.

PRAETSCH, STROUS & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 58 FOURTH AVENUE,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Deposits received and interest allowed on daily balances.
Collections made on all points of the United States.
We buy and sell Stocks, Bonds and Government Securities on Commission.
Mortgages and Commercial Paper A SPECIALTY.
Passage tickets to and from Europe and Sight Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland at lowest rates.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000.
D. E. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.
Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK,
Cor. Wood St. and Sixth Ave.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - $250,000.
SURPLUS, - - - - - - 127,000.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
Exchange on Germany, France, England and Switzerland at lowest rates. Collections made promptly on all parts of the United States and Canadas. Particular attention given to all business of correspondents.
DIRECTORS—A. Groetzinger, J. F. Havekotte, W. F. Lang, J. C. Dickson, E. H. Meyers, Jos. Lang, Paul Bagus, Charles Kaufmann, Jr.
A. GROETZINGER, President.
JOSEPH LAURANT, Cashier.

INTERNATIONAL BANK,
Cor. Liberty and Market Sts,
CAPITAL.....$200,000.
PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
5 per cent. per annum upon daily balances—from inactive non-depositing accounts—payable on demand.
4 per cent. per annum on special deposits for 60 days and upwards. Special agreements relating to interest made. Notes and Bills discounted.
W. H. MECHLING, President.
W. KERR, Vice President.
F. E. MOORE, Cashier.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, October 9, 1874.

In current financial matters, no change is reported—the banks having plenty of money, but cautious in its use. Real estate dull, as to sales; that well located maintaining its price, and that poorly located being of uncertain value. Speculative real estate is simply dead, no inquirers, demands or purchasers. Some trading in real estate takes place from time to time, but dullness is the prevailing feature.

The oil refiners seem to be vigorously prosecuting their campaign for cheaper rates. A contract for several thousand barrels to be transported to the seaboard by the Pittsburgh, Baltimore & Washington is reported. It is also said that the Pennsylvania Railroad has shown signs of yielding, but the refiners are firm in their purpose to complete what they have undertaken before they stop.

—The United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, in a recent case, followed the decision of Judge Blatchford, of New York, that persons adjudicated bankrupts prior to the passage of the amendatory act of June, 1874, could not be discharged under its provisions, but remained subject to the disabilities imposed by the law as it previously existed. Judge Treat, of the Missouri District, made this ruling, however, *pro forma*, for the purpose of allowing the question to go up to the Circuit on appeal; and then Missouri Circuit Judge Miller rendering the opinion, has now reversed the judgment, and decided that "an involuntary bankrupt may be discharged, irrespective of the amount of his assets or of any consent of creditors, whether his case was commenced while the old law was in operation, or since the amendatory law went into effect." The ruling is in accord with that of Judge Lowell, in the Massachusetts District, and throws the weight of authority, as well as equity, against the contrary doctrine of Judge Blatchford.

—Dr. Linderman, in his report as Director of the Mint, says the amount of specie in this country on the 30th of June last was $167,000,000. The estimate of 1873 was $180,000,000. The increase of specie and bullion in the last two fiscal years of $38,500,000. The amount of gold and silver coin and bullion in the world is estimated at from ten to twelve thousand millions. The present rate of production is—silver, $80,000,000, and gold, $100,000,000; the two together being an annual addition of about one and a half per cent. to the existing stock of specie. This last point is elaborated in the report.

The criminality of embezzling State moneys was differently decided in New York yesterday from what it was in the Evans case in this State. The trial of Mr. Phelps, Treasury official, indicted for embezzlement, was concluded, and the jury, after fifteen minutes deliberation, rendered a verdict of guilty. Mr. Phelps was remanded to jail, sentence being postponed.

—At the tenth annual Convention of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, yesterday, nearly every section of the country was represented. A memorial was submitted by the Executive Committee in opposition to the proposed reciprocity treaty with Canada, it being prejudicial to the wool industry of this country, and was adopted unanimously.

—The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company, which has just succeeded in negotiating its mascot mortgage loan of $3,000,000 at about 90, had already a funded debt of $37,195,000, bearing an annual interest of $2,230,000.

—The hands in the machine shops, sewing machine factories, &c., in Toronto, Canada, are being discharged in consequence of dull trade.

—Half a million Government gold was awarded yesterday at 109.89.

Luther S. Kaufman, Broker, No. 96 Fourth Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Opened.	Closed.
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U. S. 6's—1861—coupons	118¼	118¼
5-20 1862	112¾	112¾
20—1864	113⅝	113⅝
" 1865	116⅛	116⅛
" 1865 new	115⅜	115⅜
" 1867	117⅜	117⅜
" 1868—coupons	117⅜	117⅜
10-40's	111⅞	111
Currency 6's	117¾	117¾
New 5 per cents	112¼	112
10-40's—coupons	111⅜	111⅜
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	101⅜	101⅜
Erie	32½	33½
I. C.	90	91½
C. C. & I. C.	16⅜	16⅞
St. Paul	34	33⅜
Do. Pref		52
Michigan Southern	81	80⅜
Do. Central	75	74½
North Western Common	39¼	39¼
Do. Pref	54	55
Rock Island	102¾	102¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	87⅜	87⅜
Pacific Mail	48	47¾
Western Union Telegraph	80	79⅞
Ohio & Mississippi	28⅜	28⅜
Union Pacific	36	35⅜
Toledo & Wabash	33⅜	33⅜
Harlem	129	129
Chicago & Alton	97½	97½
Adams Express	107	107⅜
American Express	68¾	68¾
U. S. Express		67¼
W. F. Fargo & Co., Express	79	79
Quicksilver	30½	30½
Fort Wayne	91	91⅜
Merchants Union Express	16	18
Hannibal & St. Joseph	25⅜	26
Panama	110½	
Iron Mountain	15	7
Terre Haute	7	7

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth Avenue, furnish the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day:

Penna Central	84¼
U. S. scrip	103¾
Reading	84⅝
United Cos. of N. J	126¼
Oil Creek	8
Lehigh Valley	61
Central Transportation	43½
Empire do	53¼
A. V. R. R. 7-30	89¼
P. C. & St. L. 7's	93

NEW YORK, October 8, 1874.

The customs receipts were $817,000, and the Treasury disbursements $76,000. The failure of Charles Lewis was announced on the Stock Exchange to-day. Rumors of other failures were plentiful, but none authenticated. The rumors, however, had a depressing effect on securities. Money 2@3, prime discounts 6@7. Sterling was dull at 484½@485 for sixty days and 487¾@488 for sight. Gold ranged at 109¾@110, was active, with frequent fluctuations, and closed at 110. The borrowing rates were flat to 3 per cent., closing at the latter price. The clearings were $30,000,000. State bonds were quiet and nominal. Governments were firm. Railroad bonds were dull. Stocks opened weak, and declined 1¼@1 per cent., which was afterwards recovered, and the highest prices of the day were made at the second call. Prices again fell off during the last hour ½@1¼ per cent., with a recovery of ½@¾ per cent. in final dealings, and a steadier tone at the close. The sales were 160,000 shares, of which 21,000 were Western Union, 12,000 Pacific Mail, 19,000 Erie, 21,000 Lake Shore, 27,000 Union Pacific, 26,000 Northwestern, 5,400 Wabash, and 18,000 Ohio.

Governments.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 118; 5-20s of '62, 112¾; do of '64, 113⅝; do '65, 116⅛; do '67, new, 115⅜; do do '67, 117¾; do do '68, 117¾; do 5s, 114¾; 10-40s, 111⅝; currency 6s, 117¾.

State Bonds.—Missouri sixes, 94; Tennessee, old, 69; do new, 62; Virginia new, 57; do old, 52; North Carolina, old, 20; do new, 12½.

Stocks.—Canton, 53; Western Union Telegraph Company, 79⅛; Quicksilver, 31½; Adams Express, 107½; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 79½; American Express, 69¾; United States Express, 66¾; Pacific Mail, 47¾; New York Central, 101⅜; Erie, 33½; do, preferred, 56; Harlem, 129½; do, preferred, 125; Michigan Central, 74½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 91; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 88; do, preferred, 95; Rock Island, 102¾; New Jersey Central, 103; St. Paul, 33⅝; do, preferred, 52; Toledo & Wabash, 33½; do, preferred, 45; Fort Wayne, 91½; Terre Haute, 7; do, preferred, 24; Chicago & Alton, 97½; do, preferred, 107; Ohio & Mississippi, 28⅜; Central Pacific, 92¾; Union, 88; Hartford & Erie, 1¾; Delaware & Lackawanna, 107.

LONDON, October 8—5 P. M.—Consols: money 93 5-16@93⅜; account, 92 15-16@93; 5-20's of '65, 105½; do of '67, 109¾; 10-40's 104; new 5's 104½; New York Central 99; Erie, 30¾@30⅝; preferred, 53. The rate for money at the Stock Exchange on Government securities is 2 per cent. The bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £451,000. The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank on balance to-day was £472,000.

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COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH DAILY MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, Oct. 8, 1874.

The general feeling in commercial circles is, if anything, improving, and while business is not as active as it usually is at this particular season of the year, our merchants and manufacturers are confident of a steady legitimate trade, and notwithstanding orders for all kinds of goods are very much curtailed, there is a very fair business in the aggregate. That the trade and the industries of the country are not in so bad a condition as many believe, is shown by the internal revenue collections during the first quarter of the fiscal year, which are considerably in excess of last year, and also by the prompt mercantile collections throughout the country. The apathy of the masses has been overcome, and it is swinging slowly into the current, presently to gain accelerating impulses. In the meantime all classes appear to have decided to get along with as little expenditure as possible, and this has its effect on the general merchandise markets.

APPLES—The arrivals are increasing somewhat, but as yet there has been no accumulation, and prices are still maintained, ranging from $1.50@2.50 per bbl, the outside figure for choice, with barrels not filled. There will be an increased demand from this time forward.

BUTTER—There is a continued steady demand, especially for the finer grades, and prices are fully sustained; quotations may be fairly given at 25@35 for fair to prime roll, 20@22 for packing in tubs, and 10@15 for common to fair. It is worthy of notice that the receipts have commenced to increase, owing to the recent cool weather.

BEANS—There is a very limited demand just now, as there usually is at this particular time, but the supply is light, and prices remain about as last quoted, ranging from $2.62½@2.90 per bushel, the outside figure for prime navies.

CHESTNUTS—Selling at $4.50@$5 per bushel.

CRANBERRIES—Good to prime Jerseys quoted at $10@12 per bbl, as to quality. Sackett's, $15. The demand as yet is light.

CHEESE—There is a continued steady demand and we can report regular sales at 11½@12c for prime Ohio Factory and New York do; 9½@10c for Skimmed-Sweitzer, 16@18.

EGGS—There is a fair consumptive demand, and while we continue to quote at 26@28, we have reason to believe that there are more being sold at the former than at the latter figure. The trade of Mr. Phelps, Treasury official, indicted for embezzlement, was concluded, and the jury, after fifteen minutes deliberation, rendered a verdict of guilty. Mr. Phelps was remanded to jail, sentence being postponed.

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CHESTNUTS—Selling at $4.50@$5 per bushel.

CRANBERRIES—Good to prime Jerseys quoted at $10@12 per bbl, as to quality. Sackett's, $15. The demand as yet is light.

CHEESE—There is a continued steady demand and we can report regular sales at 11½@12c for prime Ohio Factory and New York do; 9½@10c for Skimmed-Sweitzer, 16@18.

EGGS—There is a fair consumptive demand, and while we continue to quote at 26@28, we have reason to believe that there are more being sold at the former than at the latter figure. The supply of light hogs, however, is still fully up to the demand, hence the market is quiet and prices unchanged, ranging from 3¼@3½ for fair to prime Yorkers, averaging from 180 to 210 lbs. Sealawag stock, of which there is a supply in excess of the demand, continue dull, and they are difficult to dispose of at anything like a satisfactory price to owners. Shippers won't touch them except at very low rates, say 4¼@5—this a bad market for this kind of stock.

SHEEP.

The market closes steady, with the pens pretty well cleared, there was but a single deck remaining unsold when we were at the yards, notwithstanding some holders were a little weak in the knees on Wednesday, but, as noted in our last report, prices, as compared with last week, are without quotable change. The "run" was a little larger, but then there was an increased demand, everything sold and left as fast as it came in, and upon the whole, the market appeared to be satisfactory all around. Prime open wool, 110@115 lbs quotable at 5¾@6; good to fair, 95@105 lbs do, of which there were none on sale this week, 5½@5¾ lbs, 4¾@4¾; 70@75 lbs, 3¾@4¼. Sealawags, $1.50@1.75 per head. Lambs, 4¾@5 lbs, 4@4¾ lbs, 3@3½ cents.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, October 8.—Business continued irregular with commission houses, and the jobbing trade was inactive. Brown cottons are in better demand, and there is increased inquiry for shirtings and drills for export, with large transactions. Fancy Madder prints are fairly active, but side bands are depressed. Ginghams are less active. Dress goods are doing well. Shawls and hosiery are dull, and foreign goods sluggish.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, Oct. 8, 1874.

The Crude market was weak and lower; quoted at $1.05@1.07½, against $1.10@1.12½ on Tuesday and Wednesday. Refined, also, is weak and dull, and, as compared with the early part of the week, prices are lower; reliable advices from New York reported offers to sell latter part of the month at 12¾. A New York paper of Wednesday says in regard to refined: "The recent advance in prices, due largely to a combination among holders, has been followed by a quieter market. Vessels have been very plenty, and low rates have been accepted for European ports, and exchange has been higher; but these advantages have not been sufficient to compensate to shippers for the higher prices asked and the large stocks abroad. At to-day's market, prices were firm, but business quiet."

Some of our refiners, including the Central and Petrolite, have commenced to ship on the Connellsville Railroad. Shipments can be made to Philadelphia by this route also, and much cheaper than by the Pennsylvania Central.

The Barrel trade continues very quiet and prices remain unchanged; countries, 54.50; city trade, $4.85.

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST VIA A. V. R. R.

October 7th.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Clitheroe	Tack Bros., Phila.	500
Lockhart & F.	Warden, F. & Co. do	775
Total		1,225

October 8th.

Waring Bros.	Waring Bros., do	400
Lockhart & F.	Warden F. & Co. do	308
Total		708

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, October 7.—CHEESE.—Receipts for the week, 58,635 boxes; do, last week, 67,361 do.; same week last year, 28,075 do. Exports past week, 44,268 boxes; do, last week, 41,531 boxes; same week last year, 34,663 do. Gold closes at 110¾. Cable quotations 60s for Liverpool, Beefsteam's report 61s 6d for Liverpool, and 60s for London. Choice has advanced, but, with the high rates reported from the interior, sellers are full to hurry to part with stock. Shippers are offering 16½ cents for cheese on board, and the price was never lower refused; dealers are at a loss to account country rates, unless the samples have unusual degree of excellence for export sale. At Little Falls, on Monday, sales were reported at 15@15½c for factory, and 13@13½c for good to best varieties. At Utica the market was excited; sales given at 5,000 boxes at 15@16½c for fair to good and 15½ cents for fine; several noted factories exceeded 16c, and actual sales of 300 boxes were reported at 16½c.

EGGS.—Receipts for the week, 7,800 bbls; do last week, 9,084 do; same week last year, 712. Some moderation in receipts and better weather for holding have given the market a steadier phase than it exhibited early in the week, but it is likely sellers will contend for full prices. Some parcels show long keeping. Quotations: N. J. & L. I. 29 doz, 27@28; State and Penn. fancy, 27½@28; choice, loss off, 24@25; Western fair marks, loss off, 22@23.

BUTTER.—Receipts for the week, 27,200 packages; do, last week, 22,715 do; same week last year, 18,840 do. Exports past week, 1,141 firkins. A buoyant feeling has prevailed in the butter market throughout the week, and our advanced figures have been current for the past three days, and also by the strength at the close for the fancy lines of fall make—fine pails or goods dairies. The medium grades of Western stock are showing some weakness, as the ecipts are more liberal, and the offering has the addition of lots that have been speculatively held. These are now reluctantly making a bow to their owners. The general receipts show some increase, and the coming of moment, when the enlarged wants of this month are overtaken, a particularly active run started with very little surplus on the opening of the month. The weather is very favorable for trade, and a good many lots are to be shown with more confidence than before. Quotations: Western half tubs, 19@23c; Western fair to prime, 25@27c; Western dairy packed, 23@27; Western firkins, prime, 31@33; Western firkins, common, 29@31c.—*Tribune.*

New York Wool Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Notwithstanding the unsatisfactory reports as to the position and prospects of the market for Woolen Goods, the raw material rules very firm at prices, on reclassified grades of stock, particularly of the more desirable qualities. Holders are anything but eager sellers, some of them not offering supplies at all, as they expect a much stronger range of values later on. Manufacturers, at present, are purchasing wool as they need it for prompt use, and generally to limited amounts, which, however, make a fair aggregate. The available supply of Texas Wool is much reduced. Domestic Pulled and unwashed wools are without change, arriving rather more freely and meeting with comparatively ready sale. Foreign has been reported since our last of equal to $1,000 lbs. Saxonized Fleece, in lots at 48@56c; 61,000 lbs unwashed at 36@42c; 17,000 lbs Buenos Ayres at 37@40c; 10,000 lbs scoured at 73@82c; 22,000 lbs combing at 52½@62½c; 119 pks and 31,000 lbs Domestic Pulled at 35@45c; 20,000 lbs Canada, at 45c; 25,000 lbs Mexican and 25,000 lbs New Zealand, on private terms; 34,000 lbs Georgia at 36@40c; 100 bales Oregon, part at 43c; 175 bales California Fall, now city, at 42@45c; 275@325,000 lbs and 315 bales California Spring at 24@26c; 41,000 lbs Texas at 20@34c; 10 bales Cape at 37½c; 125,000 lbs Valparaiso Fall, now city, at 42@45c; 275@325,000 lbs and 315 bales California Spring at 24@26c; 41,000 lbs Texas at 20@34c; 10 bales Cape at 37½c; 125,000 lbs Valparaiso Fall, now city, at 42@45c; Sales reported since our last of equal to $1,000 lbs. Saxonized Fleece, in lots at 48@56c; 61,000 lbs unwashed at 36@42c; 17,000 lbs Buenos Ayres at 37@40c; 10,000 lbs scoured at 73@82c; 22,000 lbs combing at 52½@62½c; 119 pks and 31,000 lbs Domestic Pulled at 35@45c; 20,000 lbs Canada, at 45c; 25,000 lbs Mexican and 25,000 lbs New Zealand, on private terms; 34,000 lbs Georgia at 36@40c; 100 bales Oregon, part at 43c; 175 bales California

HOME NEWS.

Legislative Convention.

In another column will be found a call for Legislative Convention No. 3, composed of delegates from the Fifth, Ninth, Tenth and Twelfth wards of the city, to assemble at the Lincoln Club Rooms on Tuesday, the 13th inst., to nominate a candidate for Assembly.

Temperance Lecture.

Mrs. Banes, of Springfield, Ohio, will deliver a lecture on "Political Prohibition" in the First Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, (Dr. Swifts) this evening at eight o'clock. It will be remembered this lady delivered an addressabefore the State Convention of the W. C. T. U. held in Library Hall last June, which not only showed her ability in an argumentative point of view but was characterized by genuine wit which is not frequently surpassed. She is one of the brilliant minds of the "Buckeye" State, and no doubt those hearing her will enjoy a rich treat.

Argument on the Rising Mains Contract.

In the District Court yesterday morning, Judges Ewing, White and Kirkpatrick on the bench, the case of Geo. Finley against the city of Pittsburgh and its agents, and Jared M. Brush & Co., being an application for a preliminary injunction to restrain the awarding of the contract for rising mains for the new water works to said Brush & Co., came up for argument. The case was argued in behalf of the plaintiff by Messrs. Sutton and Parker, and Messrs. Bigelow and Slagle appeared for the defendants. When the argument was over the Court took charge of the papers, and promised an early decision. Judge White expressed himself as opposed to granting the injunction.

Suicide in the Allegheny Lock-up.

A woman by the name of Mrs. Mary Kelly committed suicide night before last in one of the cells of the Allegheny lock-up. She had been arrested for drunkenness, in her house on Strawberry alley, and was locked up for a hearing at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. When discovered she was found suspended from the iron bars above the door of her cell, with a piece of her clothing around her neck, answering the purpose of a rope, and a stool that she stood on to accomplish her end was lying some distance away, where it had been pushed with her feet. After being cut down she gasped but once, and all was over.

The deceased has a husband who lives in Youngstown, where he had gone, on account of her drinking habits. She has three children, two of whom were living with their mother, and the other is with its father at Youngstown. She was a handsome young woman, being only thirty years of age.

Coroner McCallin held an inquest upon the body yesterday afternoon, and after the witnesses had stated the facts in the case, the jury rendered a verdict that the deceased came to her death by committing suicide.

MILL MEN OUT.

A few Employes of the Wayne Iron & Steel Works Object to Reduced Rates.

Yesterday, according to announcement made, a new schedule of prices went into effect in one of the special departments of the Wayne Iron & Steel Works, on Duquesne Way and Tenth street. The proprietors of the mill, Messrs. Reynolds & Co., finding they could not run the department at the high rates recently prevailing, without a positive loss, made a proposition for a reduction, in order to keep the men at work and the department running. It was to go into effect yesterday morning, but none of the employees interested, appeared, and so that part of the mill was not in operation—although the remainder was running as usual. The men who are out, are about thirty in number.

COUNTY TAXES.

The Books Closed at the Treasurer's Office—How the People Paid Up—The Balance Uncollected—The Books in the Hands of Collectors.

The business at County Treasurer Kilgore's office has about resumed its normal condition. The large force of clerks, who were kept busy during the height of the season, have disappeared, and the Treasurer and Mr. Patterson, his assistant, manage now to hold business on an even balance.

From the Treasurer we learn that the amount of outstanding taxes now is $106,606.61 as against $129,231.23 last year at this time. The people this year paid up promptly, and the aggregate shows better than has been the case several years, which is certainly a very gratifying result. About nine-tenths of the taxes outstanding are personal taxes, of which perhaps one-fourth will be lost.

There are now no taxes received at the County Treasurer's office, as the books have been put into the hands of the collectors in the wards who will commence at once the work of gathering in the fragments.

ROBERT WATSON'S WILL.

A Magnificent Bequest to the Western University—The Deceased's Real Estate Not Distributed.

Yesterday morning the will of the late Robert Watson, the scholarly lawyer and millionaire, was filed in the office of Register Gray. According to its provisions the magnificent library and walnut library cases which deceased possessed is bequeathed to the Western University. The library is given on the condition that the trustees shall accept it within six months, and sign an agreement to carry out the provisions of the will in regard to it. They are that it shall be kept separate and distinct as a gift from him, and that a room or rooms shall be provided for the books in the college building. The trustees are also given five hundred dollars. The library is accompanied by a catalogue, which arranges the books under the following heads: "Encyclopedias—Dictionaries of Reference," "Scripture Sacra," "Dictionaries and Grammars," "Geometry—Analysis," "Physics—Applied Analysis," "English Literature," "History," "Geography—Travels," "Greek Literature," "Roman Literature," "Modern Latin Authors," "French Literature," "German Literature." According to this catalogue there are 2,345 volumes, but as it was made out some years ago, and as there have been many additions since then, it is thought the actual number will not fall far short of 3,000. The library is estimated to be worth from $20,000 to $25,000.

The balance of his personal estate, exclusive of stocks, money, bonds, &c., is divided equally between his sister, Jane Magee, his nephew, Christopher Magee, and his niece, Jane W. Magee. Christopher Magee is appointed executor. The will is dated, October 5, 1870. The document makes no disposition of the moneys, bonds, &c., excluded from the last bequest, nor of the real estate of decedent.

THE MOUNT PLEASANT CAMP.

A Congratulatory and Commendatory Order from the General Commanding.

The men of martial valor who withstood the tempest and rigors of camp-life in a rainy season at Mount Pleasant last week will appreciate the following which has just been issued:

GENERAL ORDER NO. 17.
CAMP SHERMAN,
HDQR'S 8TH DIV., N. G., OF PA.,
October 3, 1874.

The General commanding desires to express his thanks to the men of this Division for their conduct in camp, under the most discouraging circumstance of bad weather; and for their soldierly bearing, attention to and prompt obedience of orders; and earnest endeavor to render the general inspection creditable.

He has the greatest pleasure to inform them of the fact that the commander-in-chief, Governor John F. Hartranft, and his Adjutant, Major General James W. Latta, both expressed themselves will pleased with their visit to Camp Sherman, and with the drill, discipline, and deportment of the troops.

He tenders his personal thanks to the members of his staff, and to the field and line of the Tenth Infantry.

The General commanding hopes that every man and each officer in the division will so conduct himself as to merit the respect and renewed confidence of the State, and of their fellow citizens; and each individual will endeavor to assist the efforts of Pennsylvania to make of her National Guard a body of efficient soldiery.

By command of Thomas F. Gallagher, Commanding Eighth Division, National Guards of Pennsylvania.

CARL W. HAZZARD,
Div. Ass't. Adjt. General.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

The Death of Mr. S. M. Kier—The Funeral Yesterday—Resolutions.

Yesterday afternoon the funeral of the late Samuel M. Kier took place from the family residence on Butler street, Eighteenth ward. An immense concourse of friends gathered on the occasion to pay the last mark of respect to the memory of one whom in life they had held in highest esteem. The services were conducted by the Rev. B. F. Brooke, D. D., pastor of Christ M. E. Church, who was assisted by a number of the Methodist clergy from other churches in the city. The remains were buried in Allegheny Cemetery.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Pittsburgh Female College, called on the occasion of the death of Mr. Kier, the following resolution were read and passed by a unanimous vote:

Resolved, That we have learned with heartfelt sorrow of the death of our beloved co-laborer in the cause of education, Samuel M. Kier, for many years Vice-President of our Board.

Resolved, That we hereby record our high estimate of him as a presiding officer, a gentleman and a Christian, and share with thousands in profound sorrow for the decease of one whose life has been a benediction to all who have been associated with him in social or business relations.

Resolved, That in the death of Samuel M. Kier, the College has lost one of its earliest and most ardent supporters; the city of Pittsburgh one of its most public spirited citizens; the Church one of its purest minded and most devoted members; the State one of its noblest representatives, and his family one who has left them that richest of all legacies, the savor of a good name.

Resolved, That we will attend his funeral in a body.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*, and in the daily papers of the city.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be engrossed, and presented to the family of the deceased.

Resolutions of a similar character were also passed at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting Last Night.

A Large Batch of Petitions Presented—The Water Reservoir—Proposals for the Work Needed to be Called For—The New Election Precincts—A Fire Alarm Bell Ordered—The Gas Company's Proposition.

Allegheny Councils held a regular meeting last night.

SELECT COUNCIL.

JAMES McBRIER.....President.
R. T. WHITE.....Clerk.

This branch was called to order at a quarter to eight o'clock. Present: Messrs. Ackley, Cochran, Day, Hartman, McNeill, Onsler, Obey, Patterson, Phillips, Reineman, Reed, Smith, Walton Voegtly, Zinkand and President McBrier.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

PETITIONS, &C.

Mr. SMITH, a remonstrance against opening of Graff street. Referred.

Mr. ACKLEY, a petition from A. Dickson asking exhonoration of water tax. Referred.

Also, remonstrance against widening Middle alley. Referred.

Mr. SLACK, petition of Mrs. Martha Graham for refunding of taxes. Referred.

Mr. VOEGTLY, a petition for appointment of Viewers to assess damages for construction of sewer through private property on Spring Garden avenue. Referred.

Also, petition for grading Spring alley. Referred.

Mr. ZINKAND, a remonstrance against grading and paving Humboldt street. Referred.

Mr. HARTMAN, a petion for widening Shady avenue to a width of fifty feet. Referred.

Mr. SMITH presented the report of the Water Committee. They reported adversely to the petition of Mrs. Graham for Fremont street and West End avenue, during the present year. They also submitted with negative recommendation the resolution for water main on Fremont street. Amended, to lay the pipe from Taggart street to Pasture Lane.

THE WATER RESERVOIR.

They also presented the report and plans prepared by the City Engineer, for improving the water reservoir. The report was published yesterday in the GAZETTE. A resolution accompanied the report, approving the report and the plans, and also a resolution authorizing the Controller to advertise for proposals for improving and enlarging the reservoirs.

Report received and first resolution approving the Engineer's plans approved.

The second resolution authorizing the advertising of proposals for improving the reservoir was amended so as to receive proposals for improving the reservoir by both plans, and as so amended was adopted.

The resolution for water main on Ridge avenue was adopted.

The resolution for water main on Sarah street, the amendment scheduling the pipe to Pasture land, was lost, and the original resolution, extending the pipe 600 feet from Taggart street, was passed.

THE STREET DEPARTMENT.

Mr. PATTERSON presented the report of the Street Committee. He called up the following ordinances, which were ordered to be printed at last meeting.

Ordinance for board walk on Shady avenue. Laid over.

Ordinance for board walk on Woodland avenue. Passed.

Ordinance for grading and paving an alley 100 feet east of Chartiers street, from Pennsylvania avenue to Locust. Passed.

Ordinance for fire-alarm bell in Federal street, from the present terminus to Samson street. Read once and laid over.

Resolution transferring $3,000 from the Contingent Fund to the street appropriation. Adopted.

Viewers' report on opening Gerst alley. Confirmed.

Viewers' report on opening Federal Lane and also a remonstrance against the confirmation of the report, and ask that it be referred back to the viewers. Report and remonstrance referred to viewers.

Profile of grade of sewer in rear of Fountain street. Approved.

FINANCIAL.

Mr. VOEGTLY presented the report of the Finance Committee. They report adverse to paying the claim of R. Gray for grading Gallagher street, also adverse to granting petition of V. Perrymans for abatement of assessment for grading Perry street. Report received. The following resolutions accompanied the report:

Resolution transferring $1,500 from the Contingent Fund to the Park Commission. Adopted.

Resolution authorizing the payment of $400 to David Orr for injuries caused by the neglect of the city. Adopted.

Resolution authorizing the payment of $888 to Adam Fehey for city assessment for sewer on Buena Vista street. Adopted.

The monthly report of the receipts and expenditures of the city from the Controller, also accompanied the report. Received.

Resolution to pay $4.75 to Wm. Renning for error in assessment. Passed.

The same gentleman presented the report of the Gas Committee, recommending the erection of certain gas lamps which were so ordered.

Mr. SHIELDS, an ordinance fixing the amount of $2.50 each to be paid election officers at all city elections. Referred.

Mr. SEIBERT called up the ordinances presented at last meeting by the Wooden Building Committee, which were passed.

Mr. PRICE called up the ordinance for the grading, paving and curbing of Irwin avenue, which, under a suspension of the rules, was passed finally.

ELECTION DISTRICTS.

Mr. EBERHARDT, from the Committee on Ordinances, called up an ordinance fixing places for holding the elections in the new election districts, which has already been published.

Mr. WALTERS moved to amend, by fixing the place of election in the First, Second and Third districts, Fourth ward, at the Public School-house in the First precinct. Passed.

Mr. WETTACH moved to change the place in the First district, Seventh ward, to the Public School-house on Spring Garden avenue. Passed.

The word "brewery" was also struck out in the place in the Seventh ward, Second district, and inserting the word "office."

Mr. PETERS offered an additional section fixing the place of election in the Tenth ward at School-house No. 2.

This amendment created some discussion, and the map of the ward was finally called for, and a compromise was eventually agreed upon, Mr. B. A. Elliott's office on the Perrysville road being selected.

Mr. PETERS eventually withdrew his amendment, and

Mr. Golden moved that the place of election for the Tenth ward be fixed at the office of B. A. Elliott on Perrysville plank road. Passed.

The ordinance as amended was then passed finally under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. PRICE, from the Health Committee, called up the resolution authorizing a transfer of $400 from Contingent Fund to the Sanitary appropriation. The resolution was adopted.

The Committee reported that the proposition to have a brand for each wagon showing its weight, was not practicable, as the weight of the wagon was frequently changed.

Report received and filed.

Mr. SHOLES presenten a resolution for a gas lamp on North avenue, at its intersection with Irwin avenue. Referred.

C. C. called up and concurred in the action of S. C., in receiving the report of the Street Committee.

The file of S. C. was then taken up, and concurrences had in all matters not otherwise noted.

Ordinance for the opening of Refuge street, in S. C. passed finally. C. C. nonconcurred.

The resolution in reference to the proposition of the Gas Company to make a reduction of 20 per cent, under certain conditions, was called up.

After some discussion, the resolution to accept the proposition was laid on the table.

The resolution to repeal the rule fixing but one Council meeting a month, was taken up and defeated.

Mr. GOLDEN moved to reconsider the vote by which the resolution in reference to the Gas Company's proposition was laid on the table. Carried.

After an extended and sagacious discussion of the matter the resolution was referred back to the Committee on Gas with instructions to make a better report of the proposition.

Mr. GOLDEN moved a reconsideration of their action in refusing to concur with Select Council in passing the ordinance for the grading and paving of Preble avenue, from Stanton avenue to Greenwood street. Carried.

The ordinance was then referred back to the Street Committee.

Adjourned.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds Filed for Record.

The following deeds were filed for record since our last report:

W. K. Walther to Louis Walther, October 2, 1874; three lots in Evergreen Hamlet. Price.....$1,200

Archibald Richey to Ann Cranney, May 22, 1865; 24x60 feet on Chestnut street, Sixth ward, Allegheny. Price.....$412 50

Sheriff's poll deed to Chartiers Building and Loan Association of Mansfield, September 12, 1874; the interest of James C. Weaver in a lot in Temperanceville. Price...$150

Release of S. Thaw to Benjamin Tremont and Jonathan Lentz to Thomas M. Wilson, to 6¼ acres in Scott township.....

Sheriff's poll deed to the Chestnut Building and Loan Association, September 12, 1874; the interest of James C. Weaver in a lot 20x100 feet, in the borough of Millvale. Price $25

Andrew Klouman et al., to Catharine Zinne, June 23, 1874, lot 60x22 feet, with buildings, on Smith street, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh. Price.....$3,000

James Brown to Alice Brown, October 2, 1874; quit claim deed to one-half of lot in Mansfield. Price.....$100

Catharine E. Robinson *et al.*, to John Elliott and Thomas Lyons, March 28, 1874, 20x122 feet, on Federal street, Allegheny. Price.....$9,700

Alexander McCombs to Robert Reed, Kroll speiffer, Sept. 5, 1873, 1 acre and 49 perches, in Mifflin township. Price $1,000

Sheriff's deed to Jacob Kling, Sept. 26, 1874, interest of Peter Lehr to lot on Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny, 25x100 feet. Price.....$1,100

N. Miller to Thomas Leslie, Oct. 17, 1873, 80x120 feet, on First street, Tarentum borough. Price.....$300

Alexander Scott and wife to James Shields, Aug. 18, 1874, 31x139 feet on Fourth street, McKeesport. Price.....$6,300

H. B. Blackstone to John Muse, Sept. 19, 1874, lot in Shelton's plan, McKeesport. Price.....$1,300

Voluntary assignment of David Couch to Wm. B. Moorhead for the benefit of creditors, October 5, 1874.

Sheriff's deed to Peter Schmidt, October 3, 1874, lot in Brackenridge's Hollow, Natrona extension. Price $350

Nathaniel Miller to John Presley, November 4, 1873, 81x lots 240x120 feet on Fourth street, Tarentum. Price.....$1,000

James B. Orr to Wm. Semple, April 25, 1873, lot 20x140 feet on Federal street, Second ward, Allegheny, with buildings. Price.....$2,000

Christian Siebert to August Schurr, March 30, 1874, lot on Butler street, Pittsburgh, 20x100 feet. Price.....$2,300

Andrew Reibher to John S. Reinher, Oct. 6, 1874, 138 perches in Kilbuck township. Price.....$850

OCTOBER 7, 1874.

Eleanor Negley to Emma Caroline Mehler, August 4, 1874; 40x140 feet on Butler street, Tarentum. Price.....$300

Elizabeth Negley to Emma Caroline Mehler, August 24, 1874; lot in Negley plan, Tarentum. Price.....$300

Shoenberger, Blair & Co. to George Cook, April 1, 1874; 3 acres and 133 perches in Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh. Price.....$1,100

Charles R. Coffin to Elbridge G. Coffin, August 28, 1874; 200x225 feet, at Edgewood Station, Thirty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh. Price.....$8,000

D. Sands to Clarissa Hodges, September 26, 1874; lot 154x102 feet on Henry avenue, Swickley. Price.....$700

Clarissa Hodges to Cissie R. Sands, September 28, 1874; same as above. Price.....$700

John T. Wilson, et al. to Wilson, Leggate & Co., January 14, 1874; lot of ground and Rolling mill in Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh. Price.....$40,000

Assignment of Howard Morton to John Walker. The interest of the first named in the firm of Wilson, Leggate & Co., iron manufacturers, September 14, 1874.

Sheriff's deed to D. B. Morrison and J. H. Miller, Sept. 19, 1874, the interest of the Hamilton Hall company in the property and building known as "Hamilton Hall," on Penn avenue, Twenty-second ward. Price.....$350

Fredrick Ackman to Nicholas Breno, Sept. 1, 1874; 25x95 feet, on Washington road, Mt. Washington. Price.....$400

Daniel Pierce to Eliza Pierce, May 21, 1874, 28 acres and 128 perches in Forward twp. Price.....$1

Robert H. Palmer to John H. Wilson, September 22, 1874; 2 acres and 39 perches in Twenty-third ward, Pittsburgh. Price.....$20,000

Adam N. Burchfield to Wm. M. Watt, June 9, 1873, lot in Homestead Park plan. Price.....$1,000

John Metcalf to John Lees, March 4, 1874; 100x57 feet with buildings on Butler street, Seventeenth ward. Price...$10,500

ANOTHER STARWARD SAUNTER.

The Ladies' Last Chance—The Final Balloon Ascension Today—An Interesting offer by Prof. Donaldson.

The unalloyed pleasure with which the ladies who went a "ballooning" speak of their starward saunter, has induced the genial aeronaut who holds the helm of the good ship "Barnum," to yield to general desire, and make another, and final ascension, this afternoon, for the express accommodation of the ladies. It is proposed, if possible, to take up with the balloon the precious cargo, than weighed down the Gossamer vessel on the first occasion, and it is thought, with the arrangements made, that at least seven ladies can enjoy the exhilarating excursion, and be ready to offer the same to the public on Tuesday, October 13.

For variety of style and elegance of goods, their present stock far surpasses anything ever brought to this market. The stock consists in part of Ladies' Seal Sacques in large quantities, Muffs, Boas, and Caps in all the different grades. Russian Sable in Collars and Muffs. Black Lynx and Martin Boas and Muffs, Beaver, Otter &c., in full sets.

Mink Sable in Muffs, Collars, Boas, Robbins, Talmas, and Cloaks; also large variety in medium grades of goods. 2

Duc of Saxe Hats.

At Fleming & Ogleveee's, 139 Wood street.

The Dilke Hats

At Fleming & Ogleveee's 139 Wood street.

The Dilke Hats

At Fleming & Ogleveee's, 139 Wood street.

Dunlap Hats

At Fleming & Ogleveee's, 139 Wood street.

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At Fleming & Ogleveee's, 139 Wood street.

Duc of Saxe Hats.

At Fleming's & Ogleveee's, 139 Wood street.

THE COURTS.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

State Supreme Court.

(Chief Justice Agnew Presiding.)

James B. Hill and Robert Stewart, plaintiffs in error and defendants below, vs. Cohen H. Prescott. Error to the District Court of Allegheny county. Argued by Brown and Marshall for plaintiffs in error, and Barton and D. W. [illegible] contra. The action was for trover, brought by Prescott against Hill and Stewart, for the recovery of damages for the alleged detention and conversion of four hundred thousand feet of pine boards brought from Jefferson county to the city of Pittsburgh. The plaintiff below introduced testimony in chief to prove that the lumber in controversy was of a superior quality, when the defendants offered the deposition of Charles C. Baxter to contradict and rebut the testimony. Plaintiff objected and the objection was sustained. The deposition was used in a former suit, wherein the same matter was in dispute. The plaintiff below was defeated on the final hearing of the first suit in which he used the deposition as evidence, and then he brought this suit, the subject matter in controversy, the plaintiffs in error claim, being exactly the same. Four other specifications are made by the plaintiffs in error.

THE CONDUIT COMPANY'S CASE.

On the first day of the Supreme Court, Mr. Marshall, counsel for the Columbia Conduit Company, made a motion for the advancement of the cases on the docket that the Conduit Company's great public importance. The Court took the matter under consideration and yesterday refused the motion. While acknowledging the importance of the case, the Court did not consider it of sufficient importance to advance it on the list.

In the case of Joseph Brown vs. the Commonwealth, in the Eastern District, the application for an argument refused.

A COW CASE.

John McKinney, plaintiff in error and defendant below, vs. Edward L. Allen. Argued by Patterson for plaintiff in error, and C. B. M. Smith contra. This was an action to recover the value of a cow, which Edward J. Allen alleges was killed by the culpable negligence of John McKinney. Allen was at his place of business in Braddock, and Kinney he sent his cow to pasture in his (McKinney's) field, and while there, from the insufficiency of the fence, the cow got out and was killed on the railroad. The defense was that the cow was trespassing in possession of McKinney, and had not been for a long time before the cow was killed, but that it had been leased to his (McKinney's) brother, Timothy McKinney, denied that he was responsible for the death of the cow. The jury returned a verdict of eighty-one dollars for Allen, and an appeal was taken.

ACTION AGAINST AN INDORSER.

Nicholas Snyder, plaintiff in error vs. the Christian Radical Publishing Company. Error to the Common Pleas Court of Allegheny county. Argued by Mitchell for plaintiff in error, and Corbran contra. The suit was brought by plaintiffs below against the defendant below, who is plaintiff in error, as endorser on a promissory note alleged to have been dated June 27, 1871, for the payment of $70.25 to the order of Nicholas Snyder and purporting to have been made by one M. D. L. Hastings. After and under the name of Nicholas Snyder, as alleged payee, was affixed the alleged copy of the note filed, the names of Thomas Howe, M. D. L. Hastings, John Shearer and the Christian Radical Publishing Company, but it is alleged that Thomas Powell signed his name as witness to the endorsement of Nicholas Snyder, although there was no evidence of that fact at the trial, and the original note was said to be with the "Christian Radical Publishing Company" in Boston. The suit was on Fifth avenue, and rented part of it to John Shearer. He sublet a part to Hastings. They became in arrears for the payment of the rent, and would not or could not pay it. After some delay Hastings and Shearer concluded to get Snyder to endorse for them. Accordingly Hastings took a blank note and went to Snyder and asked him to indorse the blank. He, the latter time telling him that he did not know the exact amount that would be necessary to pay the rent, but that it would be between sixty and seventy dollars. Upon that representation, Snyder, who is an illiterate man, made his mark on the back of the note, after which Shearer, with the knowledge of the plaintiffs below, filled up the blank with the note for $70.25, which was included the rent, but bank interest, which then was ten per cent. The note was not paid by Hastings and Shearer, and Snyder was sued by the Publishing Company, and judgment had for the amount of the note. Snyder claims that he never signed the note as endorser for that amount, and he never received proper notice of it being presented for payment.

ALL ABOUT A LOST BOAT.

Hiram K. Hazlett, plaintiff in error and plaintiff below, vs. the Allegheny Insurance Company. Error to the Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Argued by George Shiras, jr., for plaintiff in error, and M. Woods for defendant. The suit was brought March, 1868, the steamboat "Carter part of St. Louis on a trip for Fort Benton on the Missouri river. Andrew Ackley and H. K. Hazlett, who owned the boat, and were then in Pittsburgh, insured their interest in the freight list in the Western Insurance Company of Pittsburgh and the Allegheny Insurance Company respectively, but in case it should become lost or damaged Kountz, also a part owner, who was then in St. Louis, had insured the freight list there, the risks taken here should be void, as Kountz did not want double insurance. Ackley paid no premium at the time of effecting his insurance of $3,000 in the Western Insurance Company, nor was any written policy or memorandum issued by the company, but was entered on the slip in the books of the company at the time. Two weeks after, Mr. Ackley, who was a director of the company, requested a memorandum to be made on the books, which was done, and a premium of $30 paid in the Allegheny Insurance Company, the testimony of the President of the company does not differ from that of Captain Hazlett in this particular, except that he understood that the risk was not to attach until and unless the company was notified by Hazlett either before leaving Pittsburgh, or on reaching St. Louis, that Kountz had not effected insurance there. Captain Hazlett shortly after left for St. Louis by river. At Evansville, Indiana, he heard of the loss of the Carter, when some days after he received a telegram at Cairo, forty miles below Sioux City. He then went by rail and arrived at St. Louis on April 21st. Here he found that Kountz had not effected an insurance on the freight list. He then got Kountz and one of the Shiegens' insurance company for the amount of the insurance less the premium. Kountz presented the order to the Company as soon as he arrived here, and within five or six days after that $3,000 was received in St. Louis. The Company claimed in reply to the notification and demand that they had no risk on the boat. The Western Insurance Company paid Mr. Ackley in full, less the amount of insurance on the freight list which was shown to have been between $25,000 and $27,000 and that it was a total loss. The jury found for Hazlett in the Common Pleas Court, but the Supreme Court ordered judgment in favor of defendant, on a question of law reserved, when a writ of error was taken out. The Insurance Company do not come into Court on a purely legal question, but deny that there ever was any contract at all. They understood the matter to rest in negotiation.

United States Circuit Court.

[Before Judge McKennan.]

George Nickel, Fayette county, bankrupt. A hearing on motion for injunction against J. & J. D. Collins et al., adjourned until the 9th inst., at 10 A. M. Mr. Stoner appeared for the injunction and Messrs. Kane, Lazear and Schoyer contra.

Andrew Hall, Allegheny county, bankrupt. Leave was granted creditors to join with the original creditors. G. L. B. Fetterman appeared for the creditors and Messrs. Ferguson and Murray for the debtors.

John Steill, bankrupt. The Court made an order for the discharge of the bankrupt, and a certificate was ordered to issue on payment of the costs.

United States District Court.

[Before Judge McCandless.]

In the matter of George Nickel, bankrupt, of Fayette county, the hearing upon a motion for injunction against J. & J. D. Collins *et al.*, was adjourned until the 9th inst.

In the case of Andrew Jackson, of Allegheny county, bankrupt, the denial of debtor as to sufficiency in number and amount of petitioning creditors and debts proved, with a list of creditors, as provided by the thirty-ninth section, was presented to the creditors to join with original petitioning creditors within ten days.

In the case of C. E. Anderson, bankrupt of Butler county, a petition for counsel fees to be allowed out of the estate was presented and referred to Register Shafer for examination and report.

A certificate of discharge from bankruptcy, on payment of costs, was ordered in the case of John Stein of Allegheny county.

Common Pleas Court.

(Before Judge Sterrett.)

In the case of R. H. Palmer & Co., vs. David Hutchinson, previously reported, the jury found for plaintiff for three dollars and five cents.

John Ruffenmack was appointed a committee of the person and estate of Annie Ertle, a lunatic.

In the case of Campbell & Ray vs. Joseph Patterson, an action for work and labor done, the jury found for the plaintiff for $31.20.

There will be no jury trials to-day.

Criminal Court.

[Before Judge Sterrett.]

Jacob Baumiller and Henry and Christian Baumiller were found not guilty of felonious assault and battery on Milon D. Hay.

Thomas Blackmore, indicted for assault and battery on Martin Lutz, Sr., plead guilty to simple assault and battery.

Charles Decker plead guilty to entering a building with intent to commit a felony, larceny, and receiving stolen goods, charged by Adam Moag.

Walter Donniston was found not guilty of assault and battery.

The Jury in the case of Charles Schall, indicted for assault and battery on oath of George Deofler.

The case of James Cauley, charged with felonious assault and battery, is on trial.

The jury is out in the case of Margaret Schadel, indicted for assault and battery on oath of Andrew Bender.

Trial List for To-day.

Commonwealth vs.

M. M. Cormick,	Henry Lipp.
F. Gordon,	C. B. Thomas,
John Rhodes,	Geo. K. McGowan,
James Harrison,	Jas. Brown,
Frank Morris,	Mary Adams et al,
John B. Jones,	James Donnevan,
Wm. White,	Louis Kolatka,
James Dean,	Sarah Stewart,
Margaret Wood.	

McKEE'S ROCKS RACES.

Third Day at the Pittsburgh Driving Park—Two Purses Competed For—Interesting Contests—The Programme for To-Day.

The third day of the races at McKees Rocks, was unusually interesting, and were greatly enjoyed by a much larger crowd of spectators than on any of the preceding days. The weather was very favorable, which brought out a fair representation of ladies, and as a brilliant display of speed was expected, the excitement of the crowd had reached almost its highest point. The track had been carefully scraped, and was in excellent condition, giving the horses an opportunity to make good time. In the pools, Philadelphia Boy and Mary Taylor seemed to be the favorites in the first race, and Lady Mack and Jack Draper in the second. At eleven o'clock, the race of the day before, which had to be postponed on account of the lateness of the hour, was finished, which resulted in favor of Frank, he coming off victorious in two straight heats. Time 2.37½ and 2.35. This was somewhat unexpected, as Lady Johnston seemed to be the favorite, and was considered the winning horse. The first race of yesterday, according to the programme, was listed for two o'clock. It was for horses who had never beaten 2.40, purse $800. There were nine entries, but only six horses started—Lookout, Granger and Gipsey Tom having been withdrawn. At the appointed time, the horses were called upon the track, and and a lively contest followed.

First Heat—After scoring five or six times, the horses got off with Philadelphia Boy on a pace. Mary Taylor took the lead, but broke on the first quarter and was passed by Charlie Howe, Philadelphia Boy taking second place, being lapped by Happy John. They passed under the half mile string in these positions, but on reaching the third quarter, Charlie Howe opened a clear gap of four lengths, which, however, was reduced to two lengths and a half on the home stretch. Time 2.35.

Second Heat—After scoring half a dozen times, the horses got a good "send off," when Billy Collins took the lead, but before reaching the first quarter was passed by Mary Taylor on the left mile stretch; she was lapped by Happy John, in which position they passed under the half mile string, making it 1.17¾, at the third quarter, Happy John broke badly, giving Mary Taylor an advance of five lengths, which was reduced to a length on the last quarter, the race ending in favor of the latter. Time 2.37½.

Third Heat.—After scoring four or five times, the signal was given, when Charlie Howe went to the front followed closely by Charlie Green, second, and Happy John, third. Before completing the first mile Charlie Howe lead by four lengths. Time on on first half mile 1.18. On the third quarter Charlie Green and Mary Taylor had a lively contest for the second place, the mare passing him and passing Charlie Howe, who won the heat by three lengths, Mary Taylor second and Charlie Green third. Time 2.38. In this heat Happy John was distanced during the racing.

The following is the summary:

Mary Taylor	2	2
Happy John	3	2 dis. for foul driving.
Philadelphia Boy	1	4
Billy Collins	4	4
Charlie Howe	1	5
Charlie Green	2	3

Time 2.35—2.37—2.38.

It will be seen by the above that the race was not completed, as did not end in one heat, it had to be postponed until to-day at 11 o'clock.

The second race was for 2.30 Horses for a purse of $1,000. There were eight entries but only eight horses started, Lady Johnston, Jerry Postle and Annie Collins being withdrawn.

First Heat.—After scoring ten times the word "go" was given, when Jack Draper took the advance followed closely by Bawly Lewis passing under the half mile string in the same order. On the third quarter, the two horses, named above opened a clear gap of three lengths between themselves and the following. On reaching the third quarter Jack Draper was in advance of Bawly Lewis three lengths which he increased to four before the home stretch, and distance was lessened to two lengths, Draper winning the heat. Time 2.30.

Second Heat.—After skirmishing some time the horses got off with Jack Draper to the front, Bawly Lewis following second and Captain third. At the first quarter Jack Draper opened a gap of three lengths which he maintained to the half mile wire, making it in 1.15. On the third quarter Captain and Belle Brasfield had a hard struggle for the third place, but before reaching the home stretch the mare made a lively dash, passing Captain and coming home passed Bawly Lewis, taking the second position, with Jack Draper a length in the lead. This was a splendid heat the horses working hard for the places which they occupied. Time 2.30.

Third Heat.—After scoring half a dozen times Jack Draper went to the front on a pace, followed closely by Bawly Lewis. They held these positions until the half mile string was passed. On the third quarter Lady Mack made a brilliant dash passing to the second place, and on the home stretch she passed Jack Draper winning the heat by a length. Time 2.30.

The following is the summary:

King William	8	8	8
Jack Draper	1	1	2
Bawly Lewis	5	7	1
Belle Brasfield	2	3	3
Captain	3	2	4
Lady Mack	4	5	5
Frank	6	4	6
Time	2.30	2.30	2.30

This race was also postponed until 11 o'clock to-day, when it will be completed. In the third heat of the above race some difficulty was experienced in getting a driver for Lady Mack, as there was a little dissatisfaction manifested on the part of some as to her first driver. After some discussion, John McKee took the reins, and succeeded admirably in bringing her home in the lead.

To-day will close the fall meeting, and there is one race advertised for this afternoon. It is open to all horses that have never beaten 2.28, for a purse of $1,000. There are six entries, and a lively contest is expected. No doubt a great many will be present.

A CHEERING WORK.

The Fruit and Flower Charity—The Distributions Last Month.

The following is the report of the Committee on Fruit and Flower Charity for the past month:

The Committee of the Fruit and Flower Charity for September report contributions in cash: Mrs. Winter, $1; Mr. A. Howard, $2; cash, $1; Miss Mary E. Richards, $2; Mr. J. M. Kirkpatrick, $5; Mrs. James Laughlin, $10; Mr. John A. Caughey, $5; proceeds "Kettle Drum and Dramatic Entertainment," $34 10, and contributions in fruit, flowers, vegetables, magazines and pictures from Miss Ecrett, Mrs. James Dilworth, Mrs. King, Mrs. Thomas Howe, Mrs. W. J. Moorhead, Mrs. Loomis, Mrs. W. P. Weyman, Mrs. Murdock, Mrs. Charles Clark, Mrs. Dawson, Miss Foster, Mrs. Harbaugh, Miss McKee, Mrs. George Black, Miss Crossan, Miss Childs, Mrs. Pease, Mrs. Pears, Miss Bakewell, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. Ferree, Mrs. D. Bidwell, Miss McCord, Miss Harding, Miss Bidwell, Mrs. Goe, Mrs. John Wilson, Mr. McConnell, James Bennett, Mrs. Mc. Masters, Mrs. Bissell, J. P. Hanna, Mrs. Hamilton, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, H. Bured, Gardner & Williams, Lyons & Pickersgill, Boyd & Mowry, Mr. Barker, Miss Campbell, Miss Beeler, Mrs. Burgwin, and Mr. Keating.

DISTRIBUTIONS.

The Committee distributed during the month at the Passavant Homeopathic, Mercy and Twelfth ward Hospitals, Allegheny Orphan Asylum, Church Guild, Widows' Home, Little Sisters of the Poor, Home of the Friendless, Working Women; 795 boquets, two baskets of pieones, thirteen baskets of tomatoes, nine barrels and seven baskets of apples, eighteen baskets and ten boxes of peaches, two baskets of grapes, one basket of plums, one jar of apple butter, eleven baskets and one box of pears, one barrel of onions, ten jars of fruit, four hams, five roasts of beef, three dozen bottles